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## **Research Review** 2021

# Rapid Certifiable Trust

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# Rapid Capability Fielding

#### Fast

- DoD Rapid Capability Offices (Air Force, Army, Strategic Capability Office)
- Maximize reuse
  - Open source
  - Ever increasing complexity

### **Multiply Human Capabilities**

### Learning Autonomy

- Continuously adapting behavior
- **BUT Trustworthy** 
  - Fast validation
  - Safety-critical interactions with the physical world (Cyber-Physical System)
    - Physics
    - Timing
    - Logic

# Rapid Certifiable Trust

### **Fast Trustworthy Validation**

Automation with formal verification

## Complexity

Traditional Verification Does Not Scale

## **Adapting Behavior**

Cannot verify at design time

# Scalable Enforcement-Based Verification

- Leave Most Code Unverified
- Add simpler (verifiable) runtime enforcer to make algorithms predictable
- Formally: specify, verify, and compose multiple enforcers
  - Logic: replaces unsafe values
  - Timing: at right time
  - Physics: verified physical effects
- Enforcer protection against failures/attacks
- Resilient to failures / dynamic environment

Controller

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at (x,y)

moveTo (x.)

Logical

enforcer

Verifying Physics (Control Theory)

**Recoverable Set:**  $\varepsilon_{SC^{j}}(1)$ **Safety Set:**  $\varepsilon_{SC^{j}}(\epsilon_{s}) \triangleq \epsilon_{s} \varepsilon_{SC^{j}}(1)$ 

**Controlled System**:  $\dot{x} = f_{\varphi}(x) \triangleq f(x, \varphi(x))$  **Lyapunov Function**:  $V_{\varphi} : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq}) \subseteq \mathcal{N}_{\varphi}(x_{eq})$ ,  $V_{\phi}(x_{eq}) = 0$  and  $\forall x \in \mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq}) - \{x_{eq}\} : (i) \quad V_{\varphi}(x) > 0$ ,

$$\dot{V}_{\varphi}(x) = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \cdot f_{\varphi}(x) < 0$$

Lyapunov level set:For  $\epsilon > 0$ ,

$$\mathcal{E}_{\varphi}(\epsilon) = \{ x \in \mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq}) | V_{\varphi}(x) \le \epsilon \}. \qquad \epsilon \le$$

R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh, B. Sinopoli. Design of Software Rejuvenation for CPS Security Using Invariant Sets. ACC 2019



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# Analysis of Mission Progress

Idea:

Provide a sequence of waypoints that represent a sequence of equilibrium points around which we define the Safe Set.



Goal:

- Safely transition from one waypoint to the next
- Liveness (in the case of no errors)

R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh, B. Sinopoli. Safety and Liveness of Software Rejuvenation for Secure Tracking Control. ECC 2019.



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# Analysis of Mission Progress Enforcing Unsafe Behavior

 $6 \text{ DOF} \Longrightarrow 12 \text{ state variables}$   $\ddot{p}_x = -\cos\phi\sin\theta \frac{F}{m}$   $\ddot{p}_y = \sin\phi \frac{F}{m}$   $\ddot{p}_z = g - \cos\phi\cos\theta \frac{F}{m}$   $\ddot{\phi} = \frac{1}{J_x}\tau_{\phi}$   $\ddot{\theta} = \frac{1}{J_y}\tau_{\theta}$   $\ddot{\psi} = \frac{1}{J_z}\tau_{\psi}.$ 

Linear design:

- linearize at equilibrium
- assume full state available
- LQ state feedback design
- reference points = equilibrium states



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## **Drone Experiment**

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# Enforcing Unverified Components



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# Enforcing Unverified Components

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## **Enforcing Unverified Components**





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# But enforcer can be corrupted (bug or cyber attack)



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# Add Memory Protection

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## Trusted = Verified & Protected

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# Periodic Execution Must Finish by Deadline





# Periodic Execution Must Finish by Deadline











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# Periodic Execution Finish by Deadline





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# **Real-Time Mixed-Trust Computation**

D. de Niz, B. Andersson, M. Klein, J. Lehoczky, A. Vasudevan, H. Kim, & G. Moreno. Mixed-Trust Computing for Real-Time Systems. IEEE RTCSA, 2019. R.Martins, M. McCall, D. de Niz, A. Vasudevan, B. Andersson, M. Klein, J. Lehoczky, and H. Kim. te Formal Verification of a Mixed-Trust Synchronization Protocol. RTNS, 2021.





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# Verified Protection at Hypervisor, Kernel, Application





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- Singleton object guarding exclusive indivisible system resource
- Principled entry, interruption, legacy code invocations and üobject invocations
  - execution trace respecting program control-flow enables use of state-of-theart program verification tools
  - facilitate AG reasoning and composition
- Call-return Interfacing
  - Handle various CHIC programming idioms
- Resource Interface Confinement
  - Resource protection and access control
  - Support Shared memory concurrency -> multi-threaded execution and reasoning

M. McCormack, A. Vasudevan, G. Liu, V. Sekar Formalizing an Architectural Model of a Trustworthy Edge IoT Security Gateway RTCSA 2021

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# Predictive Mixed-Trust

### **Enforcement Lookahead**

- Non-Holonomic Vehicles
  - Cannot switch direction instantaneously
  - Require computing safe trajectory set (safety cone)
- Enforce safety cone

Balancing safety cone calculation and enforcement

- How far into the future to calculate
- Leave enough CPU computation to for safety enforcement

Images by Jan Helebran and OpenClipart-Vectors t from Pixabay





22



# Predictive Mixed-Trust Architecture

Safety Enforcement only needed in hazardous deviations

- If enforcement is needed then it can pause trajectory generation
- Considered High-Criticality task

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Trajectory generation can use CPU cycles not used by safety enforcement

- But ensure that we have enough lookahead trajectories
- Precomputed trajectories work as a computation buffering



# Predictive Mixed-Trust Scheduling

**Balance Trajectory Production and Consumption** 

• Production rate:  $G_i^d$ , Consumption rate:  $S_i^e$ , Enforcement interarrival:  $I_i$ 

• 
$$G_i^d(I_i-1) - S_i^e \ge 0$$

Verify that the enforcement worst-case response time meet the deadline •  $R_i^p = \kappa C_i^p + \sum \left[\frac{R_i^p}{T_j}\right] \kappa C_j^p - \left[\frac{R_i^p}{I_j T_j}\right] \left(\kappa C_j^p - \kappa C_j^e\right) \le D_i$ 

> D. de Niz, B. Andersson, H. Kim, M. Klein, and J. Lehoczky. Toward Precomputing in Real-Time Mixed-Trust Scheduling. Work-in-Progress. IEEE RTSS 2020



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# Resilient Real-Time Mixed-Trust

CPS need to adapt to failures/environment

- Daimler: Safety First for Automate Driving<sup>1</sup>
  - Built to preserve safety across failures
    - Minimum Risk Maneuver (MRM) to transition to degraded Mode or Minimal Risk Condition (MRC)

## **Resilient Real-Time Mixed Trust**

- Add enforcer to preserve safety
- Use enforcer to execute MRM



<sup>1</sup>Daimler et al. Safety First for Automated Driving.

https://www.daimler.com/documents/innovation/other/safety-first-for-automated-driving.pdf, 2019



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# Collision Avoidance Enforcer Example

### LIDAR

- Detection distance 20 m
- Max braking:  $-10\frac{m}{s^2}$
- Max speed:  $20\frac{m}{c}$

## SONAR

- Detection distance 5 m
- Max braking:  $-10 m/s^2$
- Max speed:  $10\frac{m}{c}$

LIDAR Failure Transitioning Enforcer

- Upon failure: start braking at  $-10\frac{m}{c^2}$
- Once speed <  $10\frac{m}{c}$  Transition to SONAR enforcer



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# Resilient Real-Time Mixed-Trust Digraph Model / Scheduling



## Digraph Transformation for Schedulability

Resilience



D. de Niz, B. Andersson, H. Kim, M. Klein, and J. Lehoczky. Resilient Mixed-Trust Scheduling. IEEE RTSS 2021.



$$MI(v_{i,k}) = P(v_{i,k}) + \sum_{g_j \in hp(i)} rf_{\pi^{(g_j)}}^{v_{i,k}} (MI(v_{i,k}) + J(g_j)),$$

# Decentralized Control Enforcement Approach



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## **Decentralized Control Enforcement Verification**

Network Connected Network Disconnected  $\dot{x}(t) = A_f \left( x(t) - x_j \right)$  $\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t)$ u(t) = -Kx(t)  $A_f \triangleq A - BK$  $x(t) \in \mathcal{C}(x_i) \quad u(t) \in \mathcal{U}$ equilibrium point:  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$  $\mathcal{E}_i(1) \triangleq \{x | (x - x_i)^T P(x - x_i) \le 1, P \succ 0\}$  (safe states) Secure Control  $\mathcal{E}_i(\epsilon') \triangleq \left\{ x | (x - x_i)^T P(x - x_i) \le \epsilon', \ P \succ 0, \ \epsilon' \in [0, 1] \right\}$ Software Refres possible unknown control due to misbehavior known possible ... known control due to attack control control Misbehavior network connected network ... connected no communication no communication control due to misbehavior control due to misbehavior mission control mission ... software secure software secure x(t... control refresh control refresh control  $\leftarrow T_{sr} \rightarrow \leftarrow T_{sr} \leftarrow T_{sr} \rightarrow \leftarrow T_{sr} -$ T<sup>j</sup><sub>MC</sub> timeout clock clock  $\mathcal{E}_i(1) \subseteq \mathcal{C}(x_j)$ efresh clock perio refresh clock ..

P. Griffioen, R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh, and B. Sinopoli, "Resilient Control in the Presence of Man-in-the-Middle Attacks," IEEE ACC, 2021,.
P. Griffioen, R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh, and B. Sinopoli, "Decentralized Event-Triggered Control in the Presence of Adversaries," IEEE CDC 2020

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R. Romagnoli, P. Griffioen, B. H. Krogh, and B. Sinopoli, "Software Rejuvenation Under Persistent Attacks in Constrained Environments," IFAC 2020.
P. Griffioen, R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh, and B. Sinopoli, "Secure Networked Control for Decentralized Systems via Software Rejuvenation," IEEE ACC 2020. Carnegie <u>M</u>ellon

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# **Conflict Resolution of CPS Enforcers**





# Signal Temporal Logic to Detect and Resolve Conflicts

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### Signals

- Over *D* over time  $T : s: T \to D$ 
  - $T \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$  represent points in time

## Signal Temporal Logic

- Extension to Linear Temporal Logic
- Formulas  $\varphi$ 
  - *u*: predicate of the form  $f(s(t)) \ge 0$
  - Until:  $\varphi_1 U_{[a,b]} \varphi_2$
  - Eventually:  $F_{[a,b]}\varphi = true U_{[a,b]}\varphi$
  - Always:  $G_{[a,b]}\varphi = \neg F_{[a,b]}\neg \phi$

## Robustness

- Quantify distance from property violation
- $\rho(\varphi, s, t)$

 $\begin{aligned} &\textit{Always } |x| > 0.5 \Rightarrow \textit{after 1 s, } |x| \textit{ settles under 0.5 for 1.5 s} \\ &\varphi := \mathbf{G}(|x[t]| > 0.5 \rightarrow \mathbf{F}_{[0,1]}(\mathbf{G}_{[0,1.5]}|x[t]| < 0.5)) \end{aligned}$ 



# Two enforcers that can conflict



Position of drone under control (self):  $(x_s, y_s)$ Position of pursuing drone (other):  $(x_o, y_o)$  Signal  $s(t) = (x_s, y_s, x_o, y_o)$ 

Enforcer 1

• Guarantee:

$$\varphi_1: \sqrt{(x_s(t) - x_o(t))^2 + (y_s(t) - y_o(t))^2} - d \ge 0$$

Robustness:

$$\rho(\varphi_1, t, s) = \sqrt{(x_s(t) - x_o(t))^2 + (y_s(t) - y_o(t))^2} - d$$

Enforcer 2

Guarantee

$$\varphi_2: X_F^L \le x_s(t) \le X_F^U \land Y_F^L \le y_s(t) \le Y_F^U$$

Robustness

$$\rho(\varphi_2, t, s) = \min\left(x_s(t) - X_F^L, X_F^U - x_s(t), y_s(t) - Y_F^L, Y_F^U - y_s(t)\right)$$

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## Invariants to avoid "corners"



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B. Gafford, T. Dürschmid, G. A. Moreno, E. Kang (2020). Synthesis-Based Resolution of Feature Interactions in Cyber-Physical Systems. IEEE/ACM International Conference on Automated Software Engineering (ASE) 2020.

$$\begin{split} s(t) &= (x_s, y_s, x_o, s_o, x'_s, y'_x) \\ \varphi_1 \colon \sqrt{(x_s(t) - x_o(t))^2 + (y_s(t) - y_o(t))^2} - d \ge 0 \\ \varphi_2 \colon \min\left(x_s(t) - X_F^L, X_F^U - x_s(t), y_s(t) - Y_F^L, Y_F^U - y_s(t)\right) \ge 0 \\ \varphi_3 \colon \sqrt{(x'_s(t) - x_o(t))^2 + (y'_s(t) - y_o(t))^2} - \sqrt{(x_s(t) - x_o(t))^2 + (y_s(t) - y_o(t))^2} \ge 0 \\ \varphi_4 \colon D - d \ge 0, D = \sqrt{(x_s - x_o)^2 + (y_x - y_o)^2} \cos \alpha, \alpha = \beta - \gamma - 90^o, \beta = \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{y_s - y_o}{x_s - x_o}\right), \gamma = \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{y'_s - y_s}{x'_s - x_s}\right) \end{split}$$



# **Concluding Remarks**

#### Verification for Rapid Fielding: Minimize Verification+ Verified Enforcement

Verify Cyber-Physical Properties

- Correct Value Right Time Correct Physical Behavior
- Resolve Conflicts Between Enforcers

Enforcement Protection (Open Source Mixed-Trusted Runtime Environment)

• Enforced **unverified** code + Prevent **verified** enforcer corruption

Resilient

• Resilience to environment changes, sensor failures, networked environments

Transition

- ONR Yolo: to fielded Navy system in progress!
- AFRL TEAMS: Enforcement, Adaptation in Manned and Unmanned Teams (MUMT)

Community

- 17 Academic/Industrial Publications: RTSS, RTCSA, USENIX, CDC, ACC, ECC, IFAC, ASE, AUVSI
- Open-source : Real-time mixed-trust runtime, Uberspark verified hypervisor

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