

Rapid Certifiable Trust

Dr. Dionisio deNiz

Copyright 2019 Carnegie Mellon University.

This material is based upon work funded and supported by the Department of Defense under Contract No. FA8702-15-D-0002 with Carnegie Mellon University for the operation of the Software Engineering Institute, a federally funded research and development center.

The view, opinions, and/or findings contained in this material are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Government position, policy, or decision, unless designated by other documentation.

NO WARRANTY. THIS CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY AND SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE MATERIAL IS FURNISHED ON AN "AS-IS" BASIS. CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO ANY MATTER INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY, EXCLUSIVITY, OR RESULTS OBTAINED FROM USE OF THE MATERIAL. CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY DOES NOT MAKE ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WITH RESPECT TO FREEDOM FROM PATENT, TRADEMARK, OR COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT.

[DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A] This material has been approved for public release and unlimited distribution. Please see Copyright notice for non-US Government use and distribution.

This material may be reproduced in its entirety, without modification, and freely distributed in written or electronic form without requesting formal permission. Permission is required for any other use. Requests for permission should be directed to the Software Engineering Institute at permission@sei.cmu.edu.

Carnegie Mellon® is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office by Carnegie Mellon University.

DM19-1079

Problem

New Technologies

- Key for DoD Superiority
- Validation of behavior essential for adoption
 - Non-deterministic algorithms, e.g., Machine Learning (ML)

Assured Autonomy

- Enable ML to
 - Detect complex patterns (object recognition), handle uncertainty
- Interact with unknown environment

Cyber-Physical Systems (Most Systems in Field)

- React to physical environment
- Safe behavior: safe actions at right time (e.g., prevent crash)

Trusting Rapid Capability Fielding

Fast

- DoD Rapid Capability Offices (Air Force, Army, Strategic Capability Office)
- Maximize reuse
 - Open source
 - Ever increasing complexity

Multiply Human Capabilities

- Learning Autonomy
 - Continuously adapting behavior

BUT Trustworthy

- Fast validation
- Safety-critical interactions with the physical world (Cyber-Physical System)
 - Physics
 - Timing
 - Logic

Rapid Certifiable Trust

Fast Trustworthy Validation

Automation with formal verification

Complexity

Traditional Verification Does Not Scale

Adapting Behavior

Cannot verify at design time

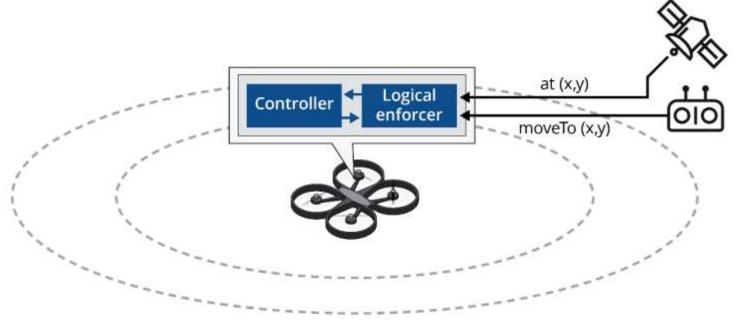
Enforcement-based Verification

Add **simpler (verifiable)** runtime enforcer to make algorithms predictable

Formally: specify, verify, and compose multiple enforcers

- Logic: Enforcer intercepts/ replaces unsafe action
- Timing: at **right time**
- Physics: verified physical effects

Protect enforcers against failures/attacks



Verifying Physics (Control Theory)

Recoverable Set: $\varepsilon_{SC^j}(1)$

Safety Set: $\varepsilon_{SC^j}(\epsilon_s) \triangleq \epsilon_s \ \varepsilon_{SC^j}(1)$

Controlled System: $\dot{x} = f_{\varphi}(x) \triangleq f(x, \varphi(x))$

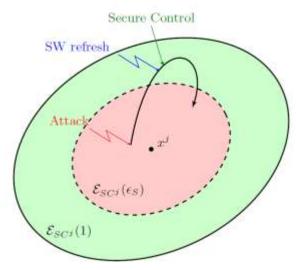
Lyapunov Function: $V_{\varphi}: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$, $\mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq}) \subseteq \mathcal{N}_{\varphi}(x_{eq})$,

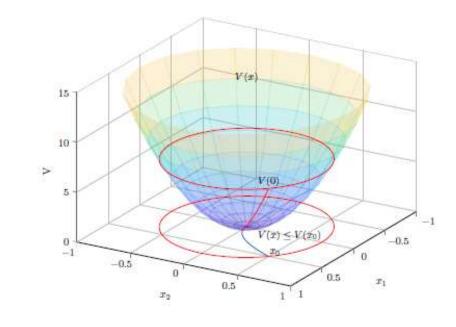
$$V_{\phi}(x_{eq})=0$$
 and $\forall x\in \mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq})-\{x_{eq}\}:$ (i) $V_{\varphi}(x)>0$,

$$\dot{V}_{\varphi}(x) = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \cdot f_{\varphi}(x) < 0$$

Lyapunov level set:For $\epsilon > 0$,

$$\mathcal{E}_{\varphi}(\epsilon) = \{ x \in \mathcal{N}_{V_{\varphi}}(x_{eq}) | V_{\varphi}(x) \le \epsilon \}. \qquad \epsilon \le 1$$





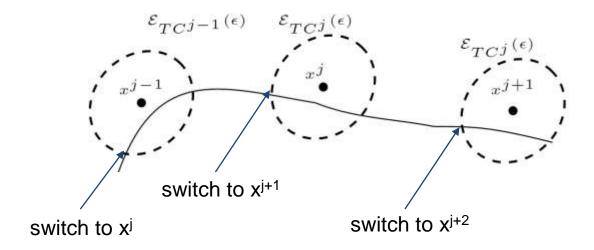
Analysis of Mission Progress

Idea:

Provide a sequence of waypoints that represent a sequence of equilibrium points around which we define the Safe Set.

Goal:

- Safely transition from one waypoint to the next
- Liveness (in the case of no errors)



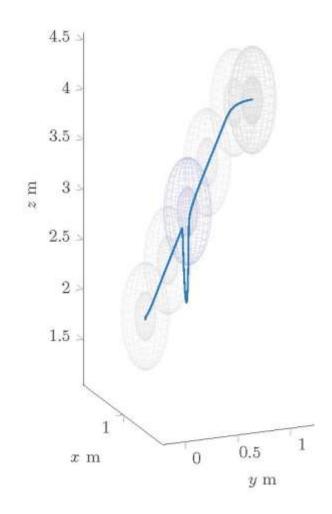
Analysis of Mission Progress Enforcing Unsafe Behavior

6 DOF \Rightarrow 12 state variables

$$\begin{split} \ddot{p}_x &= -\cos\phi\sin\theta\frac{F}{m} \\ \ddot{p}_y &= \sin\phi\frac{F}{m} \\ \ddot{p}_z &= g - \cos\phi\cos\theta\frac{F}{m} \\ \ddot{\phi} &= \frac{1}{J_x}\tau_\phi \\ \ddot{\theta} &= \frac{1}{J_y}\tau_\theta \\ \ddot{\psi} &= \frac{1}{J_z}\tau_\psi. \end{split}$$

Linear design:

- linearize at equilibrium
- assume full state available
- LQ state feedback design
- reference points = equilibrium states



Drone Experiment



Are We Done Yet?

Scalable Verification

- Only verify safety-critical components
- Guarding unverified components

Trust

- Protect verified components
- Against attacks or bugs from unverified components

Enforcing Unverified Components



Enforcing Unverified Components



Ant illustration by Jan Gillbank, license by Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported

Enforcing Unverified Components



But enforcer can be corrupted (bug or cyber attack)



Add Memory Protection



Trusted = Verified & Protected

Are We Done Yet?

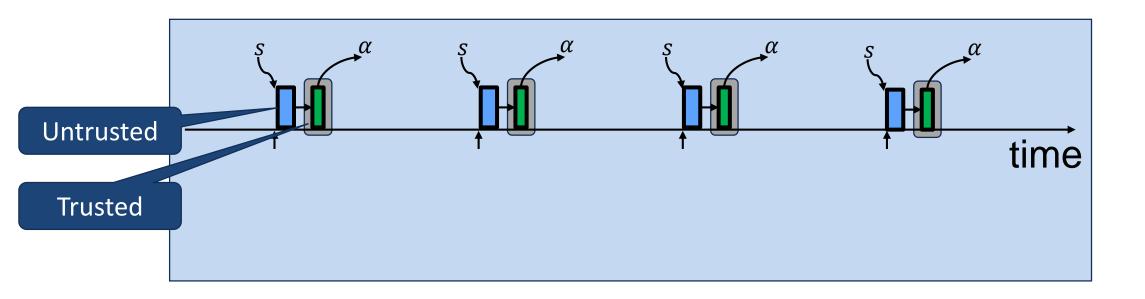
Timing can still be corrupted

- Guaranteed correct value
- BUT potentially at wrong time

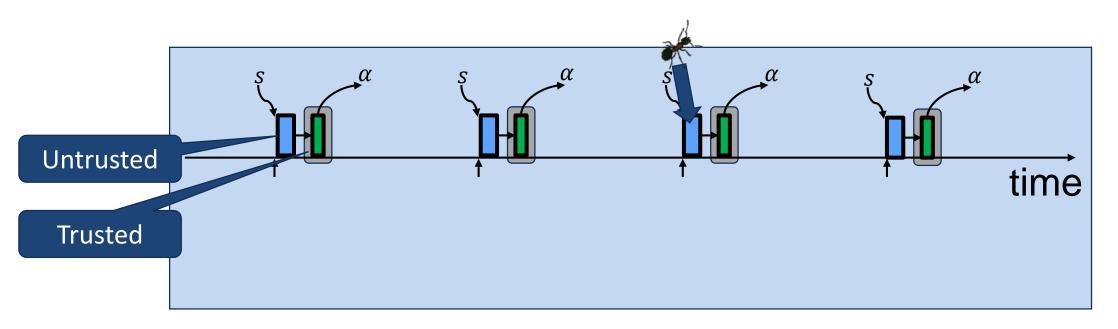
Trusted timely actuation

- Tamper-proof time-triggering mechanism
- In sync with periodic controller
- In sync with expected untrusted

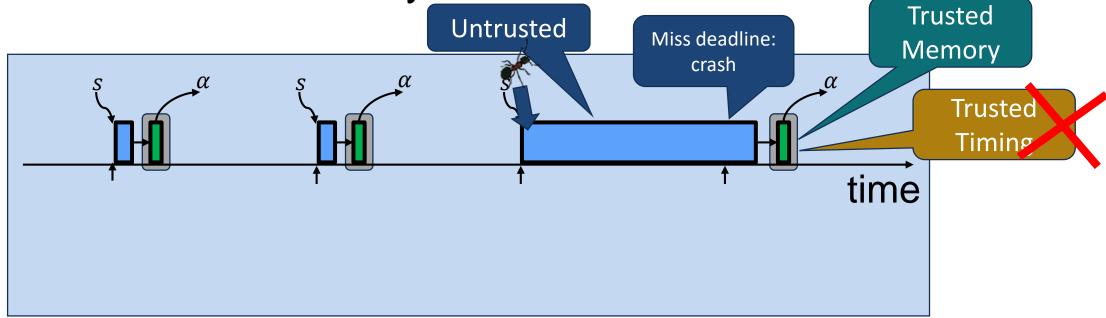
Periodic Execution Must Finish by Deadline



Periodic Execution Must Finish by Deadline

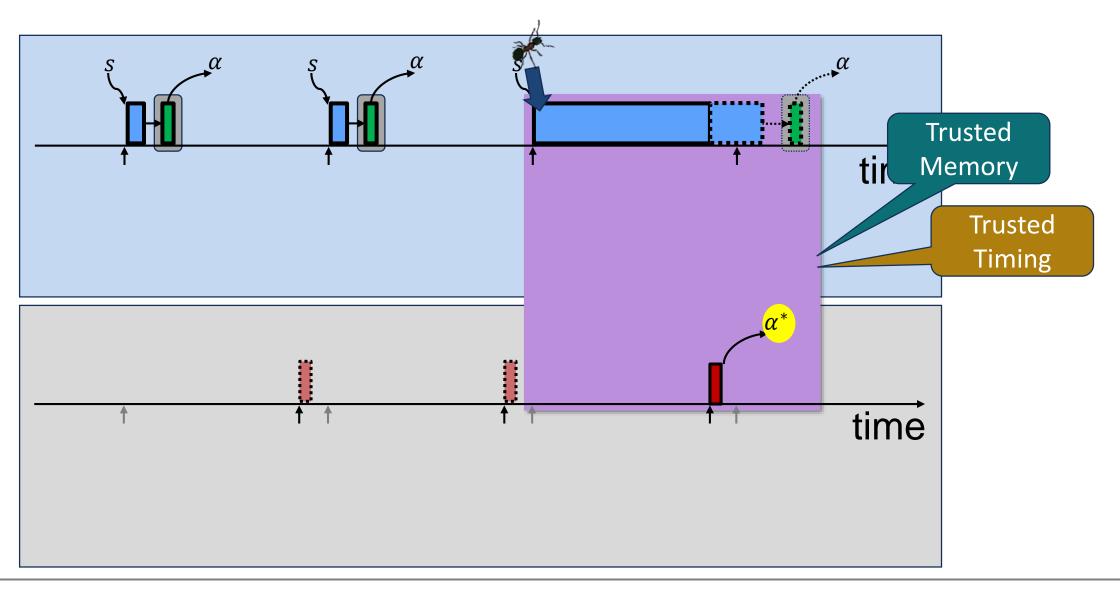


Periodic Execution Finish by Deadline

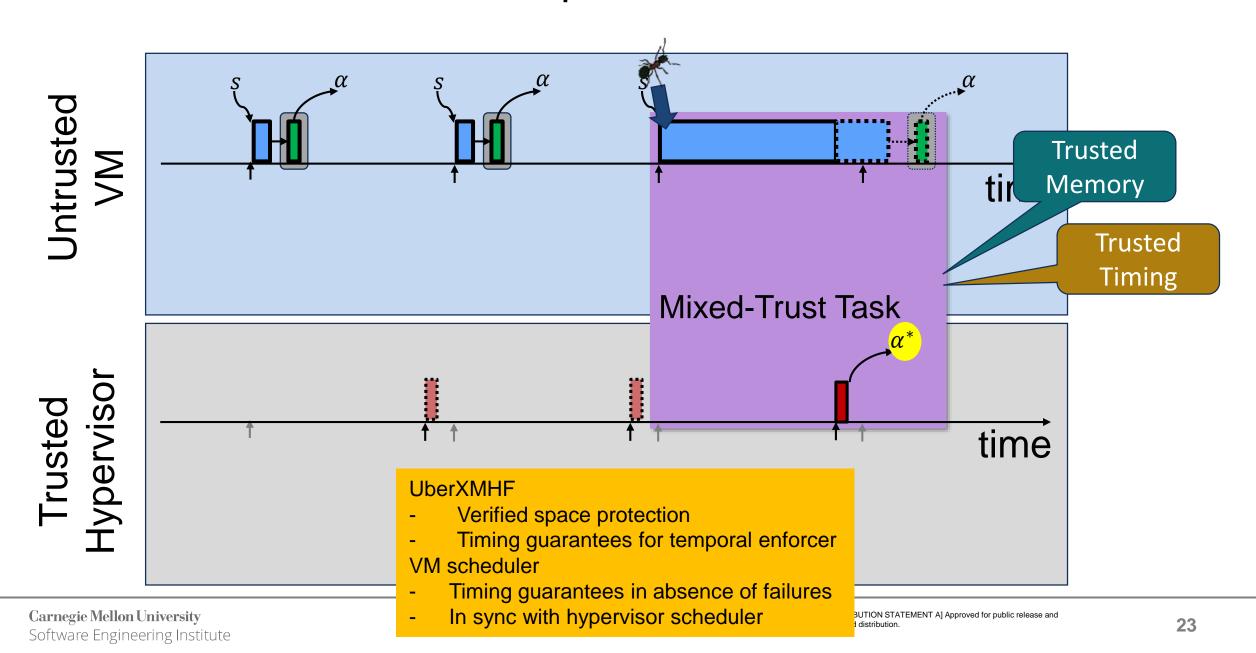


Periodic Execution Finish by Deadline Trusted Untrusted Miss deadline: Memory crash Trusted Timing time time

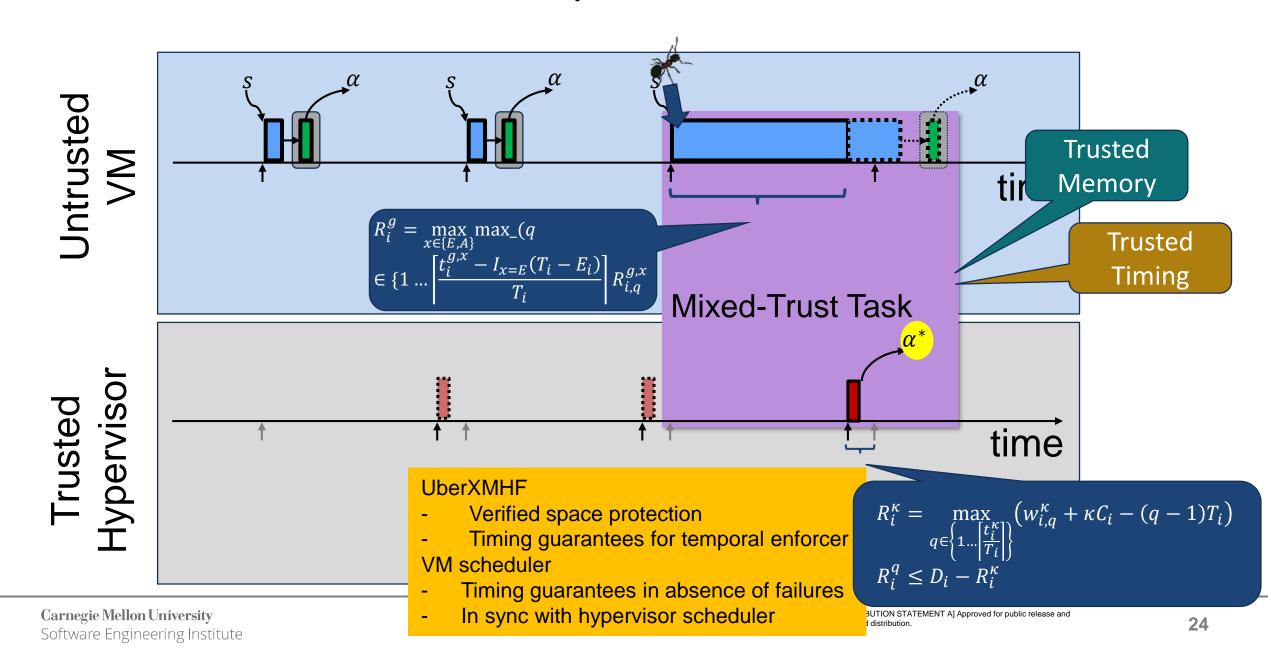
Periodic Execution Finish by Deadline



Real-Time Mixed-Trust Computation



Real-Time Mixed-Trust Computation



Results So Far

Physics verification

Lyapunov-based analysis of enforcement

Temporal verification

Guaranteed timing even in presence of bugs/attacks

Logical verification

Verified hypervisor with space and time protection

Demos

Lyapunov-enforced controller in open source drone code (PX4)

- Running in Hardware in the Loop
- Coded in DIY drone

Real-Time Mixed-Trust Framework in DIY drone with Raspberry Pi-3 + PX4

- UberXMHF hypervisor + Mixed-Trust HV Scheduler
- VM with Linux + Mixed-Trust VM Scheduler

Publications

- R. Romagnoli, B.H. Krogh, and B. Sinopoli. Design of Software Rejuvenation for CPS Security Using Invariant Sets. *American Control Conference (ACC)*. July, 2019.
- R. Romagnoli, B. H. Krogh and B. Sinopoli. Safety and Liveness of Software Rejuvenation for Secure Tracking Control. *2019 18th European Control Conference (ECC)*. June, 2019.
- D. de Niz, B. Andersson, M. Klein, J. Lehoczky, A. Vasudevan, H. Kim, and G. Moreno. Mixed-Trust Computing for Real-Time Systems. *25th IEEE International Conference on Embedded and Real-Time Computing Systems and Applications (RTCSA)*. August, 2019.

Road ahead

Optimization of mission performance

- Absolute safety guarantees (worst case)
- Long-term mission performance (average)

Optimize cross-domain assumptions

- Control theory analysis of deadline-miss tolerance
 - Improve utilization with timing guarantees

Optimize inter-component assumptions

- Identify inter-component assumption conflicts
- Identify or eliminate inactive assumptions and conflicts
 - Not required for system-wide guarantees

Transition

NEAR	MID	FAR
Physics verificationTiming verification	concept to Navy (FY 2021)	Evaluate transition to running system (FY 2023-24)
	Explore application in other CPS defense systems	Extension & application to Autonomous systems

Team and Collaborators

Dr. Bruce Krogh

Dr. Gabriel Moreno

Dr. Bjorn Andersson

Dr. Amit Vasudevan

Dr. Jeffery Hansen

Anton Hristozov

Mark Klein

Dr. Dionisio de Niz

Dr. Raffaele Romagnoli (CMU / ECE)

Prof. John Lehoczky (CMU / Statistics)

Prof. Bruno Sinopoli (WUSL / ECE)