

KalKi: High Assurance Software-Defined IoT Security

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 DoD urgently needs to embrace commodity IoT technologies in its tactical systems.

• Security concerns over **untrusted supply chains** are an obstacle.

• We are developing a solution that remains resilient and trustworthy, even in the presence of a powerful attacker.

Research Review 2019

Attacks on IoT Devices

Microsoft catches Russian state hackers using IoT devices to breach networks

arstechnica

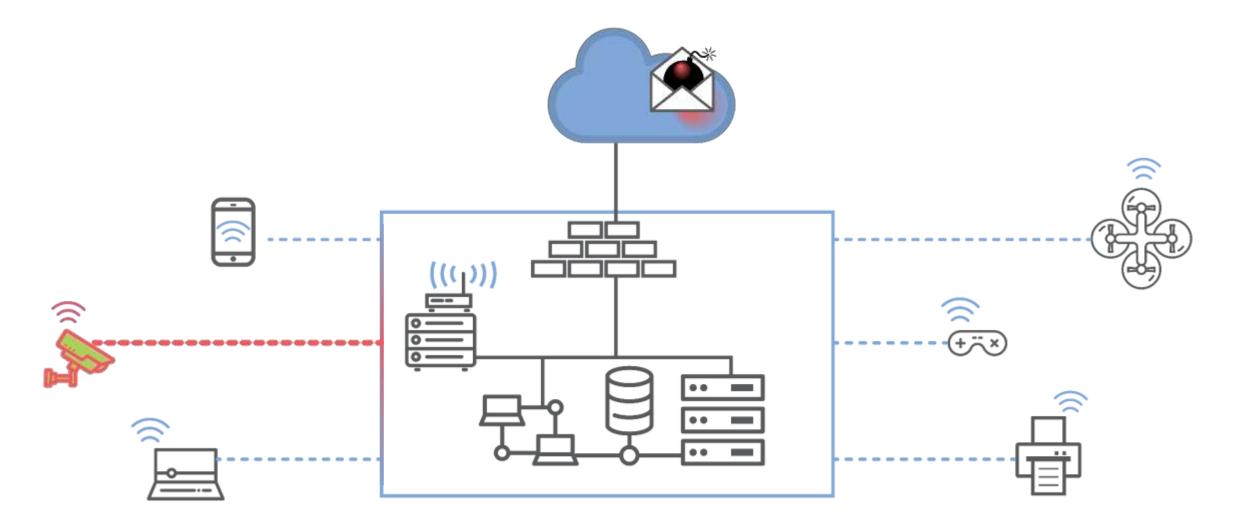
Unpatched Routers Being Used To Build Vast Proxy Army Spy On Networks arstechnica

Latest Mirai variant targets routers and other IoT devices using 13 exploits cyware.com A 100,000-router botnet is feeding on a 5-year-old UPnP bug in Broadcom chips

Your smart air conditioner could help bring down the power grid Hacked appliances could overwhelm the grid, researchers say.

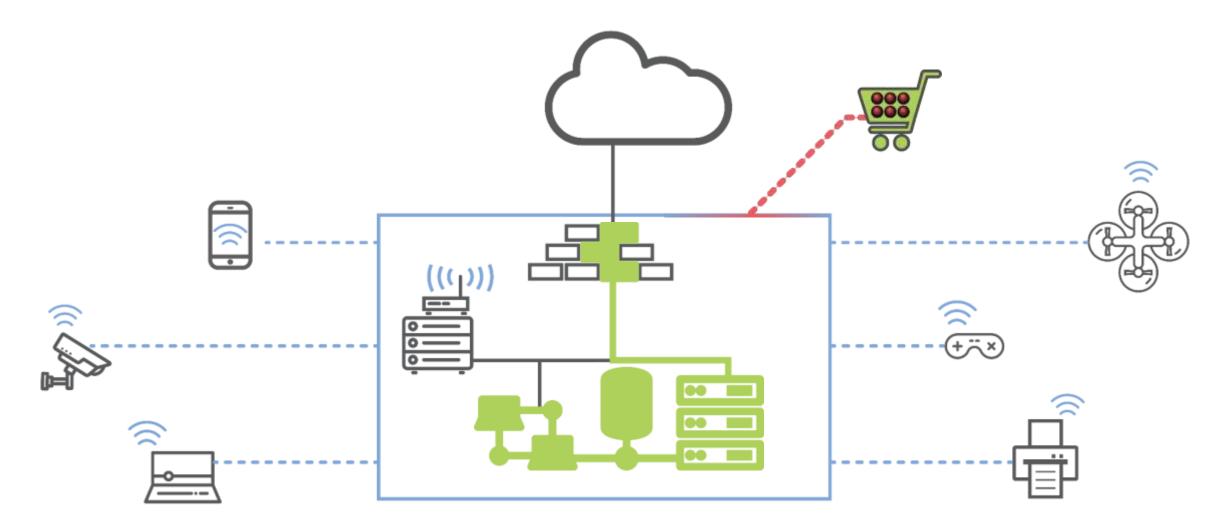
Research Review 2019

IoT Threats – Vulnerable Device



Research Review 2019

IoT Threats – Compromised Device



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KalKi: High Assurance Software-Defined IoT Security Platform

Solution: Move Security Enforcement to the Network

Create an IoT security platform highly resilient to a collection of prescribed threats

- Enables the integration of IoT devices into DoD networks
- Protects the networks even if the IoT devices are not fully trusted or configurable

The term "KalKi" is of Sanskrit origin, and it is the name of an avatar of the god Vishnu, the destroyer of filth and bringer of purity, truth and trust.

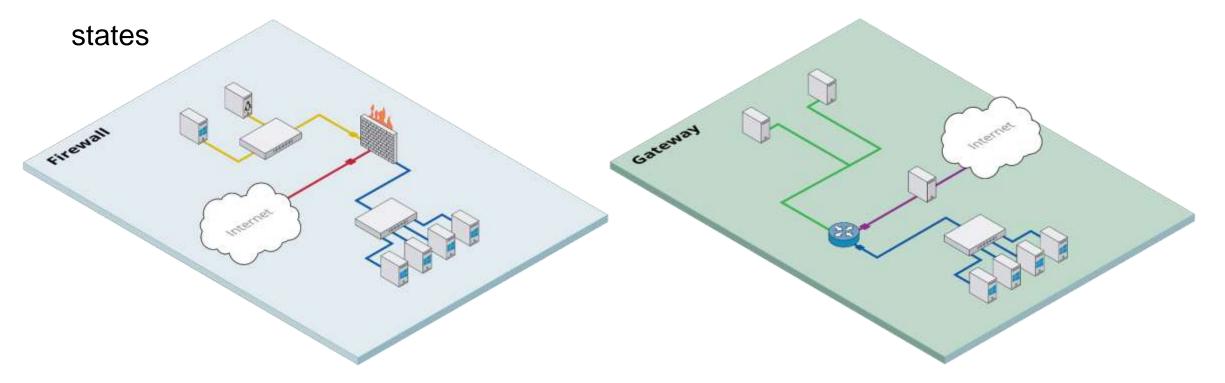
Limitations of Existing Systems

Static Firewalls

- Are not device-specific
- Cannot adapt to changing security

Gateways/Firewalls

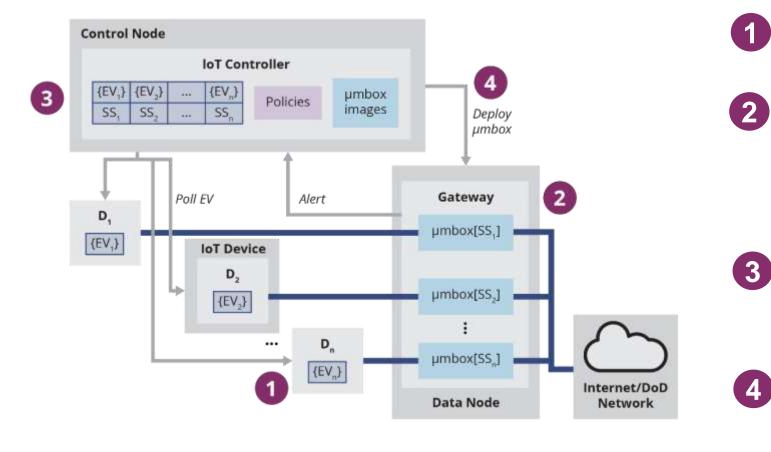
• Can become compromised

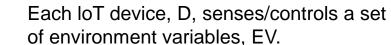


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Software-Defined Aspect

Use software-defined networking (SDN) and network function virtualization (NFV) to create a highly dynamic IoT security platform.





Network traffic to/from each device is tunneled through µmboxes that implement the desired network defense for the device's current security state. μ mbox[SS₁] = Firewall µmbox[SS₂] = IPS, ...

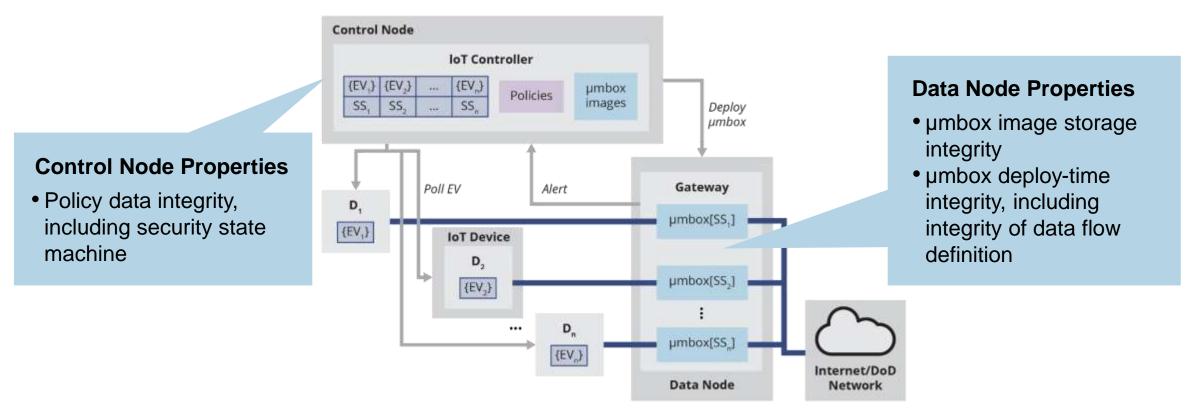
loT controller maintains a shared statespace composed of {EV} and security state (SS) for each device.

SS = {Normal, Suspicious, Attack}

Changes in the shared statespace are evaluated by policies and may result in the deployment of new µmboxes.

High Assurance Aspect

Incrementally develop and verify security properties of elements of the softwaredefined IoT security platform using überSpark/überXMHF, a framework for building secure software stacks.



Year 1 Accomplishments







Policy Model to set conditions to change security state, and actions to be taken

Initial Architecture and prototype of the IoT Security Platform FUNCy Views (Secure) system architecture: hardware-assisted, low-latency, low-TCB, compartmentalization of legacy code on x86 platforms



Initial Dashboard to configure system

Year 2 Accomplishments



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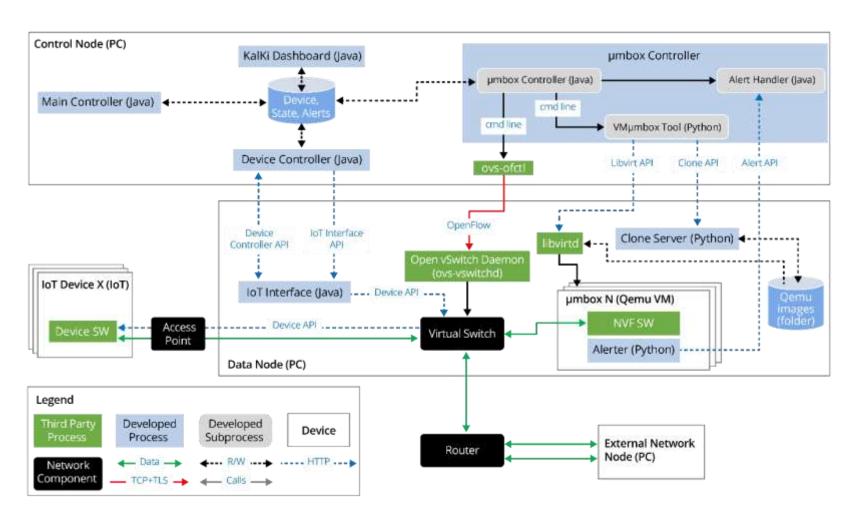
Experiment to Test different scenarios and red team attacks

Extension of überXMHF and überSpark to include überObject protections for sensitive areas of the Control node and Data node

IoT Security Platform prototype full development Dashboard Update

Creation of Policies and µmboxes for four representative IoT devices

Year 2 Accomplishments – IoT Security Platform Prototype



IoT Security Platform prototype implemented (software-defined part)

- Able to monitor devicespecific vulnerabilities
- Supports different policies for each security state
- Runs on commodity hardware/software

Year 2 Accomplishments – Dashboard Update

Real-time monitoring of security state, easy configuration of security policies

Horse PURCy View DB Management
Size losse
Security State: Normal Group: N/A
State Translition Reference umber Instances
Searce:
- Attributes
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Kalki	ashboard	Home	FUNCy View	DB Management
Device List				Search:
Device	Security State	no alert history	Time +	Device Status
Kalki	Normal	no alert history		
PHLE	Normal	no alert history		
UNTS	Normal	unts-acceleration	Sep 13th 19, 9:41:56 am	tempmax: 0.0 gyroscopeX: 1.6875 accelerometerX: 0.012688 gyroscopeZ: 0.0 accelerometerZ: -0.99308 gyroscopeY: 1.1875 accelerometerY: -0.041236 magnetometerY: 116.0 magnetometerX: 53.4000000000006 magnetometerZ: 58.6 tempinput: 0.0 tempmax_hyst: 0.0

Year 2 Accomplishments – Policies and µmboxes

Creation of policies and µmboxes for four representative IoT devices

Smart Plug



Temperature Sensor

72



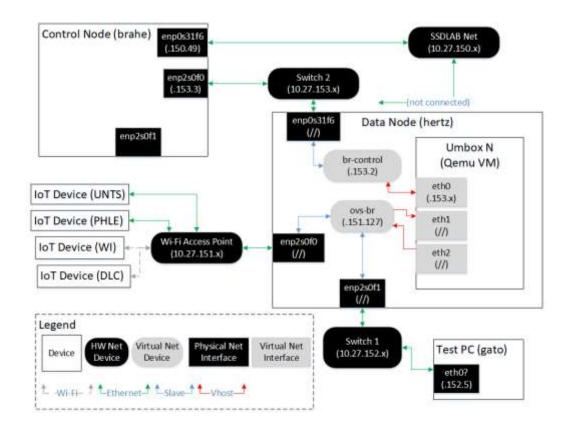
Smart Light



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Year 2 Accomplishments – Experiment + Red Team Attacks



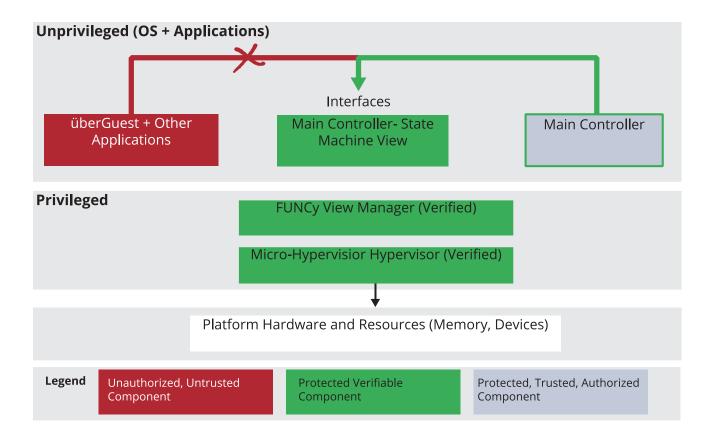
Executed multiple test scenarios to measure:

Resiliency to attacks

• Performance (time to react to threats)

Scalability (effect of the number of devices in performance)

Year 2 Accomplishments – überXMHF Extensions



Added support to protect state machines using überObjects via FUNCy views

- Verified, lightweight microhypervisor protects resource access
- Unauthorized applications can't access State Machines encapsulated as überObjects

Year 3 – Next Steps

- Final platform development and optimizations
 - Integrate überXMHF security properties into prototype
 - Simplify integration of new devices and policies
 - Increase performance and reduce resource utilization
- Transition activities identify transition partners for validation, testing, and adoption
 - Working with CMU liaisons for Navy (LCDR Christopher Lueken) and Marine Corps (LCDR Jeff Greenwald)
 - Establishing contacts with organizations leading IoT projects, including US Army Research Office (Durham), USAF Office of Scientific Research (Arlington), and Purdue University
- Publication of results and open source release of platform code



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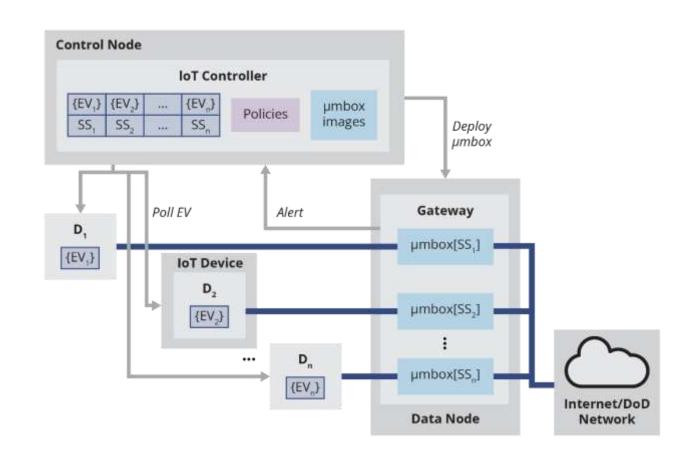
- Full platform tested with realistic IoT deployments
- Results published

- Platform adapted and integrated into existing DoD networks
- AI techniques developed to automate and improve security policies and protections

Research Review 2019

KalKi IoT Security Platform - Summary

Enables the secure integration of IoT devices into DoD networks even though they are not fully trusted



- Has flexible **policies** to define states, transitions and actions
- Reacts using network and
 environment information
- Uses different network defenses for each device and state
- Adapts to device-specific vulnerabilities or limitations
- Secures critical areas through integration with überSpark /überXMHF