Learning to Drive a CAR at the U.S. Census Bureau

Capability, Agility & Resilience in Software/Systems Solution Development

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Road Trip

- Why a CAR?
- The Census Enterprise Data Collection and Processing (CEDCaP) Journey
- Planning for the Trip
- Making the Trip
- Did We Arrive Safely?
- Ready to Go Again?

Why a CAR?

- A means to transport you from a current place ("As Is") to a desired place ("To Be")
- <u>Capability</u> Know where you want to go
- Agility Understand that there may be multiple ways to get there, and that you want to have checkpoints along the way to make sure you are on the right course
- Resilience Realize that you may hit road bumps or road blocks - things may change or go wrong along the way

Why a CAR?

- <u>Capability</u> Define what is needed
 - Technical Integration Framework
- Agility Demonstrate progress
 - Lifecycle Management Frameworks
 - Scaled Agile Framework (SAFe)
- Resilience Prepare for change and risks
 - Systems Readiness Framework
 - Risk Management Framework

The CEDCaP Journey

- The Census Bureau's mission is to serve as the leading source of quality data about the nation's people and economy.
- The Census Bureau is committed to shared services as a means to harness the benefits of enterprise-wide solutions over duplicative, single-use solutions.

The CEDCaP Journey

- The Census Enterprise Data Collection and Processing (CEDCaP) Program is creating an integrated and standardized enterprise suite of systems that offers shared data collection and processing services for all censuses and surveys.
 - Constitutionally mandated census of population and housing every 10 years (Decennial Census)
 - Census of all business establishments and of all governmental units every 5 years (Economic Census and Census of Governments)
 - Several ongoing business and household surveys that provide the information in several of the Nation's key economic indicators

Censuses & Surveys BPS CPRS SOC CJEE JRFC NPS8 SSV ACES ASE SO-Manufacture Survey of Market Census of Adult Construction Rental Value of Criminal Building Survey Census Juvenile National Survey Annual Annual CLASS Progress Housing Construction & State Federal of Juveniles Justice Residential of Sexual Capital Survey of Permits Absorption Prisoner Rusiness & Correctional Facilitie of New Multifamily Expenditure Facility Homes Construction Statistics - 8 Expenditures Entrepreneur Survey Professional Survey Survey Survey Residential Cap. Punish. Survey Classificatio 12 13 42 0 12/17 12 13 5/17 5/16 Placement NA Employment15.42 11/16 Monthly Unthly/Ortly/Annily NA/NA Survey \$1,937,000 \$1,750,000 252.000/49.000 45.207/9.44 12 000/6 000 Provide Economy-Wide Business Related Statistics & Economic Indicators 3) Cross Sec BDS cos CBP & SBLS ICTS NES NCE SBO CCD EDGE **NPEFS** PLS SABS QWI 52,**QFR**,26 FSIA Company FDIC Non-Nonresidenti Common Education National Public School Quarterly Quarterly Business ZBP Economic Information Survey Census Core of Public Libraries Workforce Dynamics Organization Small Employer Demographi Attendance Financia County & Zip Statistics Business Communicat Statistics Coverage Data Education Survey Boundary Indicators R Island Areas Lending Evaluation Owners (Non-Fiscal) Geographic Financial Survey 7/17 Technology 2/15 13.26 NA Estimates Survey 13 12/15 Quinquennial Quarterly \$11 300 00 \$1.055.663 \$2,000,000 \$5 800 O PiE 45,000/79,286 M3 MEPS ΔR MITR FT-900a FT-900 ASM M3UFO MECS QPC ASLGF **ASPEP ASPP ASFIN** Advance Profile of Manufacturers' Manufacture Manufacturi Annual Medical Manufacturi Related U.S. Annual Quarterly Annual Annual Annual Expenditure Report U.S. Imports Importing & International Shipments Survey of Survey of Survey of Survey Survey of Panel Survey International for Exporting Trade in Inventories & Unfilled Energy Plant Local of Public Public State Government Trade Report Consumption Goods & Manufacture Orders Survey Orders Consumptio Canacity Government Employmen Pensions Finances n of Steel 13 11/17 Finances Services 9/15 t and Payroll 1 \$10,400,00 \$3,600,000 FAC GVS OTAX OSPP BRDIS 68,000/173540 SGRD KARAGE C 5,16747¢03 ΔWTS BES MWTS QSS STC CoG MRTS Annual Census Federal Government Quarterly Business Research Research & State Advance Annual Annual Business Monthly Quarterly Survey Audit Unite of State & Local Survey of Development, & Developmen Government Monthly Rotail Trade Wholesale Expenses Retail Trade Wholesale Services Retail Trade of State Government Clearinghous Survey Government Tax Public Innovation Research & Survey Trade Supplement Survey Trade Survey Survey Government Survey Revenue Survey Developmen 13 12/15 Annually \$2,800,000 Monthly \$1,500,000 Collection v \$5,400,000 \$877,000 \$5,000,000 \$3,400,000 \$7,770,000 NA/NA 276/542 Table 1300 Table 2 Funding Type: (Appropriated (A) or F ırsable (R) FX 12 = Title 12 of the United States Code outlines the role of Banks and Banking 13 = Title 13 of the United States Code outlines the role of the United States Cer **SUSB** F-33 EC SAS Service Statistics Annual Fronomic 15 = Title 15 of the United States Code outlines the role of the Commerce and Trade Census Annual Flow of Survey 16 - Title 16 of the United States Code outlines the role of Conservation of School 20 = Title 20 of the United States Code outlines the role of Education Survey District 26 = Title 26 of the United States Code outlines the Internal Revenue Code 12/15 13.26 8/15 13,26 Date Periodicit 42 = Title 42 of the United States Code deals with Public Health, Social Welfare, & Civil \$14,770,000 # of Approved Annual Resonnses \$XXX A = Article 1, Section 2, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution 83 648/290 3 XX / XX NCVS PPCS CPS-CES CED CEQ TPOPS BTLS NITES NHES NSCG NTPS SCS ITS PFS Identity National Police-Public Consumer Consume Survey Telenhone National National National Principal School ASEC Consumer Theft Crime Contact Expenditure Expenditure Expenditures of Income & Point of Teacher Adult Household Survey of Teacher & Follow-Up Crime Annual Program Purchase Training and College Principal Supplement Longitudina Supplement Victimization Survey Diary Survey Social & Education Participation Survey Graduate: Economic 9/17 Survey 12/17 13.29 NA 13.29 12/16 13.29 10/12 13.42.0 Publish Household Counts & Demographic Statistics Annually \$41,000,000 of the CPS \$1,575,000 83,300/7,656 68 185/60 057 73.500/73.500 55 571/11 81 MOPS * SSOCS TFS PE & PJ 78**SAH1E**00 SAIPE NAMCS R R NHAMCS NSCH AHS HVS NYCHVS IDB ATUS BAS National Hospital Managemen School Teacher Population Small Area Small Area National National National American Housing New York International American Boundary & Survey City Survey of Programs/Studies Survey Medical Care Organization Projections Survey Survey Housing & Crime & Estimates Estimates Survey Survey Health Vacancy al Practices 10/12 Safety 13,0 3/15 2/18 13,42 12/17 13,42 2/18 13,42 NA 4/18 12,13 8/17 13,29 6/15 NA 12/16 13 2/14 Survey Survey 13,0 Monthly Monthly Annually \$6,289,206 \$6,289,206 \$30,000,000 12,870/2,14 105,768/4,41 3,919/17⁹⁵ R FHWAR **U.S. CENSUS BUREAU** PRCS ACS CPRIA 2020 SCP CPS Survey Puerto Rico Census of American Special of Population & Fishing, Hunting, & **Business Architecture** of Program Survey Housing Program Dynamics & Island Wildlife Survey Н Assoc. Recreation Areas Decennially 13,A view (OICR) is the source for the Information Collection Expiration Date \$225,000,000 \$2,637,913



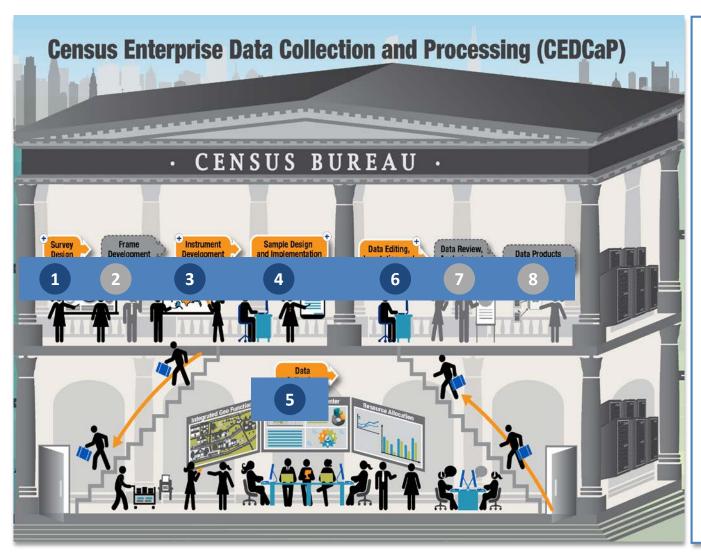
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Stages of the Survey LifeCycle



Lifecycle stages

- 1 Survey design
- 2 Frame development
- Instrument development
- Sample design & implementation
- 5 Data collection
- Data editing, imputation & estimation
- Data review, analysis & correction
- Data products & dissemination

In Scope

Out of Scope

Planning for the Trip

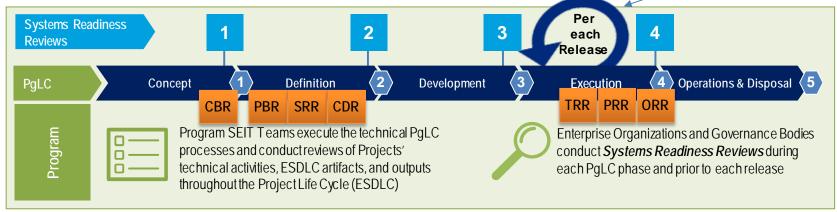
- Guidance & Governance
- Program Lifecycle Framework
- Systems Development Lifecycle
- Technical Integration Framework
- Systems & Software Engineering Discipline
- Architecture & Engineering Standards
- Scaled Agile Framework (SAFe)
- DevOps & Continuous Integration Framework
- Technical Solutions Assessment Framework
- Risk Management Framework

Technical Integration Framework

High level, formal reviews (similar to those held at the project level) are held to ensure:

- Initial high level approach is agreed to at Decennial Program level and CM controlled thereafter
- Initial direction is clearly conveyed to projects





Critical Business **CBR** Proposal Review Review of initial high level architecture to ensure inclusion of appropriate systems to implement the desired subset of the 34 operations.

Project Baseline Review

Review of program baselines. Schedule,

System **SRR** Requirements Review

Review

Critical Design

Joint review of PLBR/CAP requirements by engineering and operations.

organizational structure, etc.

Operational ORR Readiness Review

TRR

Test Readiness

Review

Production

Readiness

Review

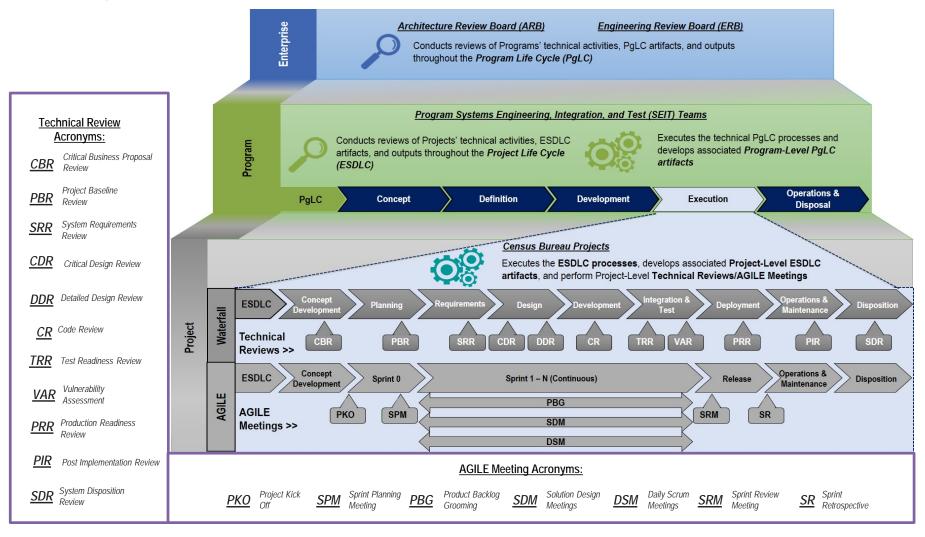
Ensures appropriate test objectives, methods procedures, scope and environments.

Assessment of test results to ensure system is ready for operations testing.

Assessment of Operational testing results to ensure system is ready for production operations to begin.



Systems Readiness Framework





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Making the Trip

- Setting up the Program Management Office
- Defining Business Capability Requirements
- Defining the Business Solutions Architecture
- Determining a Segmented Technical Solutions Architecture
- Engaging IT Security & Privacy
- Defining Functional and non-Functional Requirements
- Planning for Agile Development
- Involving the Business Experts
- Conducting the Release Trains & Readiness Assessments

Defining Requirements

Enterprise Requirements Levels

The following are the type and attributes of requirements required for definition and management throughout the program life cycle.

Mission Level Business Requirements

High-level requirements determined for the enterprise or program; Exist in program or enterprise management documents, e.g., Strategic Plans, Business Plans, Mission Statements, etc.

MLBR

- Originate with the Enterprise or Program, pre-SDLC
- Referenced in, or copied into, Requirements Document and Requirements Traceability Matrix

Program Level Business Requirements

Identifies baselined scope and business capabilities which are needed to satisfy the objectives of the enterprise. Begins to outline the solution capabilities at the highest level.

PLBR

- Originate with the Program or Project as part of SDLC
- Sets the scope of each individual project within the program
- Business Analyst assures traceability to PLBRs in Requirements documentation

Capability Requirements

Place both the stakeholders and users at the center of focus and describe what the project must produce or provide; Provide context for the Solution Requirements and design documents.

Solution Requirements:

Describe what will satisfy the business need, in the lowest level of detail required to create design documentation and move to solution development

Capability (CAP) Requirements

Solution (SOL) Requirements

Technical Specifications

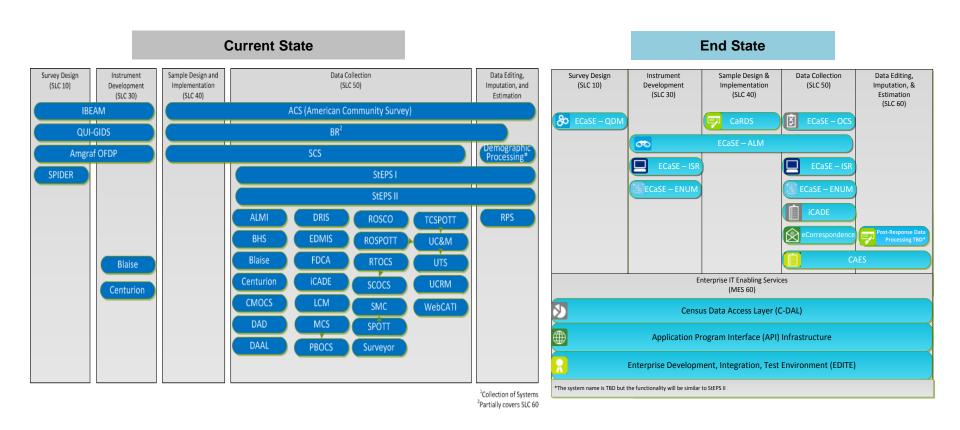
Solution developers derive specs from Requirements; Requirements define **what** is needed while specs focus on **how** the Requirements will be met

- Originate with the Program or Project as part of SDLC
- Refined or expanded during Requirements Phase
- The bridge between Business and Solution Requirements
 - Defined by stakeholders during the Requirements Phase of the SDLC
 - Maintained in SDLCapproved formats
 May include Use Cases, Business Process Models, and other supplemental information to aid in understanding



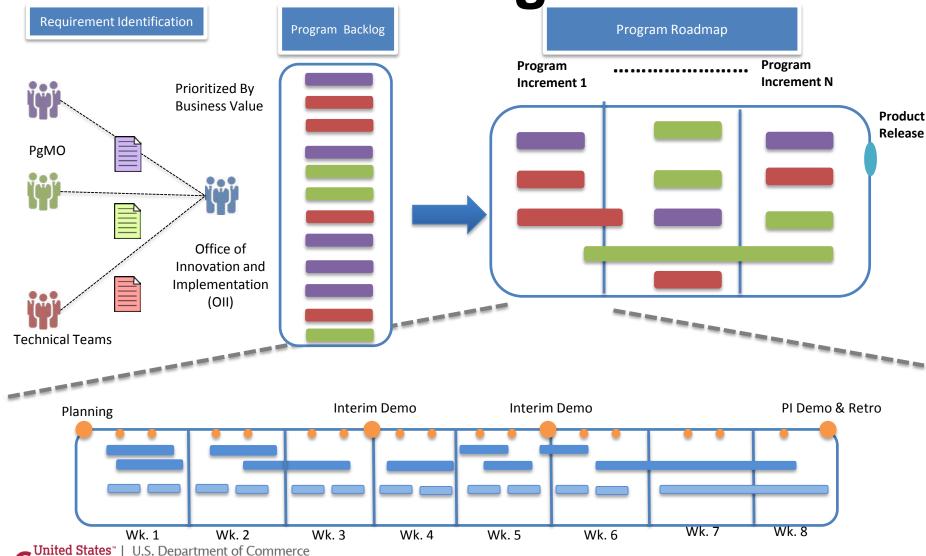
Business Solutions Architecture

CEDCaP capabilities delivered across a series of transition states called product releases.

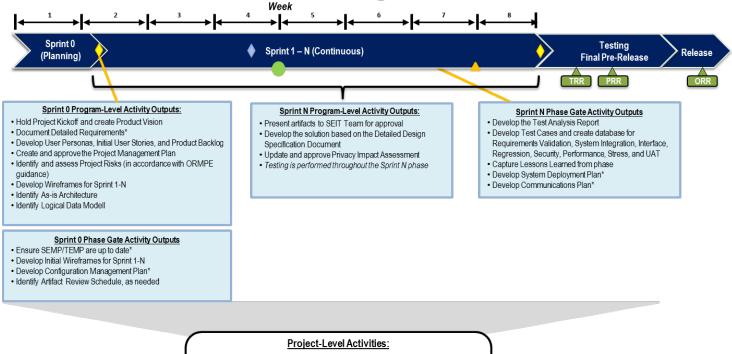


SAFe[®] Scaled Agile Framework® PORTFOLIO VISION Backlog Epics span **Business Business** releases Epic Epic Strategic **Epic Owners Program** Portfolio Arch. Kanban **Themes Epic** PORTFOLIO **Portfolio** Architecture Management evolves Enterprise continuously AGILE RELEASE TRAIN **Architect** Portfolio Coordination Metrics AGILE RELEASE TRAIN D_L_Q_{gets} I - -Content Integration AGILE RELEASE TRAIN Lean Releasing Lean-Agile Value Streams deliver solutions Leaders **ART Metrics** AGILE RELEASE TRAIN Shared DevOps System RTE UX Release on Demand Release Architect Program Business . Management Owners Mark **Epics** PROGRAM ¶&A. Backlog Program Increment Program **Feature Feature** WSJF **Features** PI Objectives WSJF WSJF fit in Product Vision Release Planning Release Planning Program Release Planning System Demo Management Arch releases Architectural **Feature Feature NFRs** Roadmap Runway **System Team Develop on Cadence** ⊞ Sprint Goals Team Backlog **Stories Product** Team PI Objectives Team PI Owner fit in iterations TEAM **NFRs Code Quality** Scrum **AGILE** Sprint Goals Master ✓ Agile Architecture **TEAMS** Spikes, Feam Backlog Continuous Integration Refactors. Team PI ✓ Test-First Other Objectives **Developers & Testers Iterations Iterations** Leffingwell, et al. v 3.0 © 2008-2015 Scaled Agile, Inc.

Release Train Agile Process

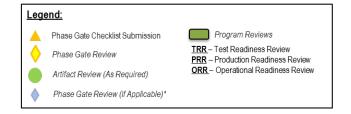


Release Train Agile Governance



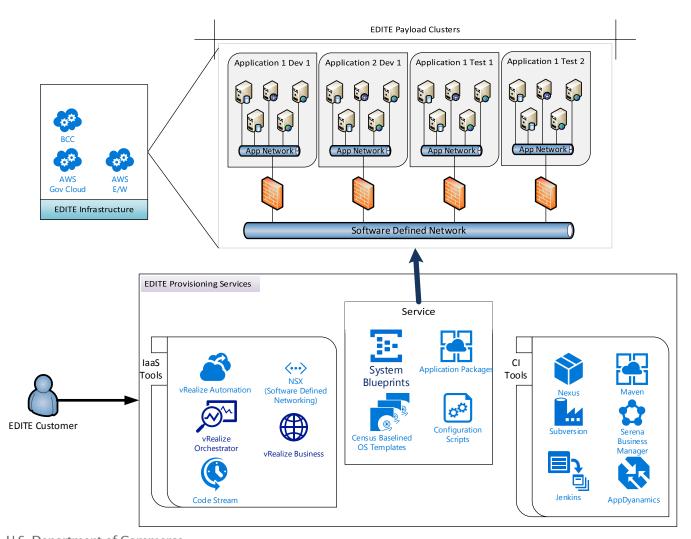
- Release Planning Meeting (RPM) At the start of Sprint 0
- Sprint Planning Meeting (SPM) At the start of Sprint 1 (-N*)
- Daily Scrum Meetings (DSM) Occurs Daily
- Solution Design Meetings (SDM) Occurs as needed within Sprint 1 (-N*)
- Sprint Review Meeting (SRM) At the completion of Sprint 1 (-N*)
- Sprint Retrospective (SR) At the completion of Sprint 1 (-N*)

*Projects are continuously reviewing and updating artifacts based on current progress





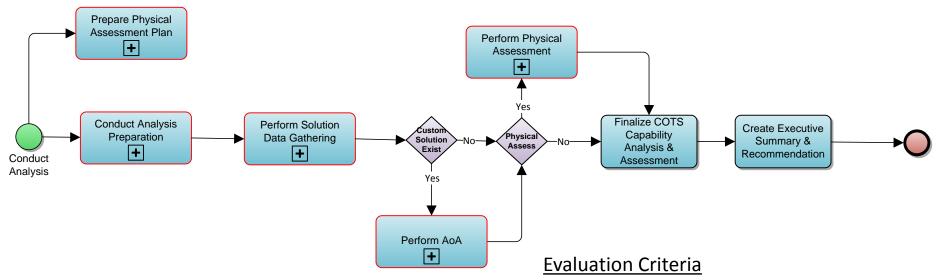
DevOps & Continuous Integration



Did We Arrive Safely?

- Releases delivered on time & within budget
- Enterprise Requirements Management Team & Change Control Board established
- Integrated Master Schedule & Integrated Risk Registers developed
- Transition Plans & Onboarding Plans developed
- Technical Integration & Systems Readiness Frameworks matured
- COTS Capability Assessment & Analysis
- Agile & Waterfall methodologies integrated
- Integrated Test Planning & Execution
- Did not fully leverage enterprise DevOps

COTS Capability Assessment & Analysis (CCAA)



- Business Functional Need
- System Design
- Schedule
- Cost
- Vendor/Development Team Viability

Ready to Go Again?

- Requirements, Requirements, Requirements
- Effective Guidance as well as strong Governance
- Get support from senior executive leadership
- Effective Program Delivery requires effective Program Management
- Strong Systems Engineering discipline
- Keep Agile agile
- Build security into every aspect of the lifecycle
- Test, Test, Test
- Involve the Business along the way