## **Software Solutions** Symposium 2017

March 20-23, 2017

### 6 Things You Need to **Know About Data** Governance

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This material is based upon work funded and supported by the Department of Defense under Contract No. FA8721-05-C-0003 with Carnegie Mellon University for the operation of the Software Engineering Institute, a federally funded research and development center.

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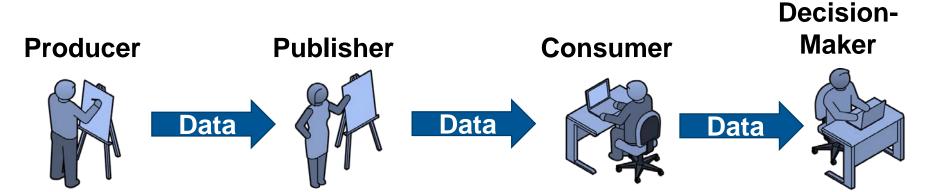
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## 1. A data set produces benefits only when it is used to make decisions.

# value $\equiv \sum$ benefits – $\sum$ costs

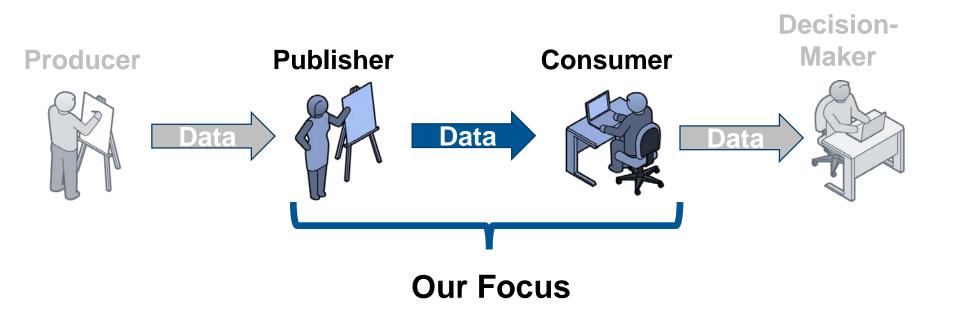
#### 3. Moving Parts



- Sensor
- Open source feed (e.g., Twitter)
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Source (e.g., geo map)
- External system

- Acquires
- Stores
- Makes available

 Develops decision support application  Uses application to make decisions



# Publisher Consumer Data

# **Challenging! Publisher** Consumer **Data**

# 4. Governance constrains the data publisher, in order to help the data consumers

#### Constrains the publisher...

May *reduce* the costs to the publisher

- Reduce types and numbers of interfaces
- Restrict backward compatibility on interfaces
- Restrict technology options

Usually *increases* the costs to the publisher

- Different schema
- Data quality
- Quality of Service (e.g., availability)

#### ...to help the consumers

Reduce local and global costs of consuming the data

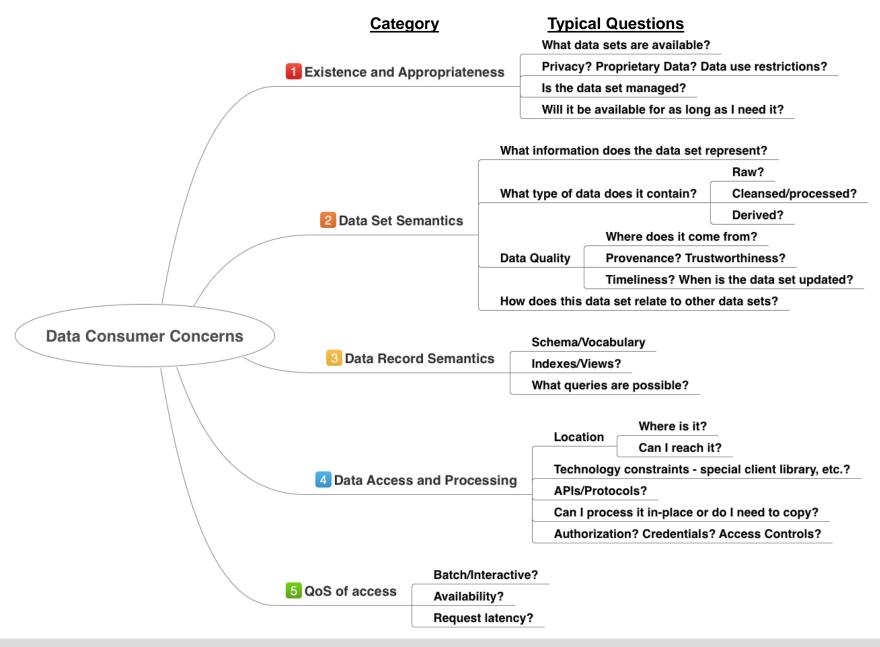
- Standard interfaces
- High quality data
- Service level agreements

Enable consumers to deliver more benefits

- New decision support applications
- Higher quality decisions

# 5. Apply governance only when it increases value (benefits > costs)

# 6. Focus your governance on the things that data consumers want





What data sets are available?

Privacy? Proprietary Data? Data use restrictions?

Is the data set managed?

Will it be available for as long as I need it?

What information does the data set represent? Raw? Cleansed/processed? What type of data does it contain? Derived? 2 Data Set Semantics Where does it come from? Provenance? Trustworthiness? **Data Quality** Timeliness? When is the data set updated? How does this data set relate to other data sets?

3 Data Record Semantics

Schema/Vocabulary

Indexes/Views?

What queries are possible?

Where is it?

Can I reach it?

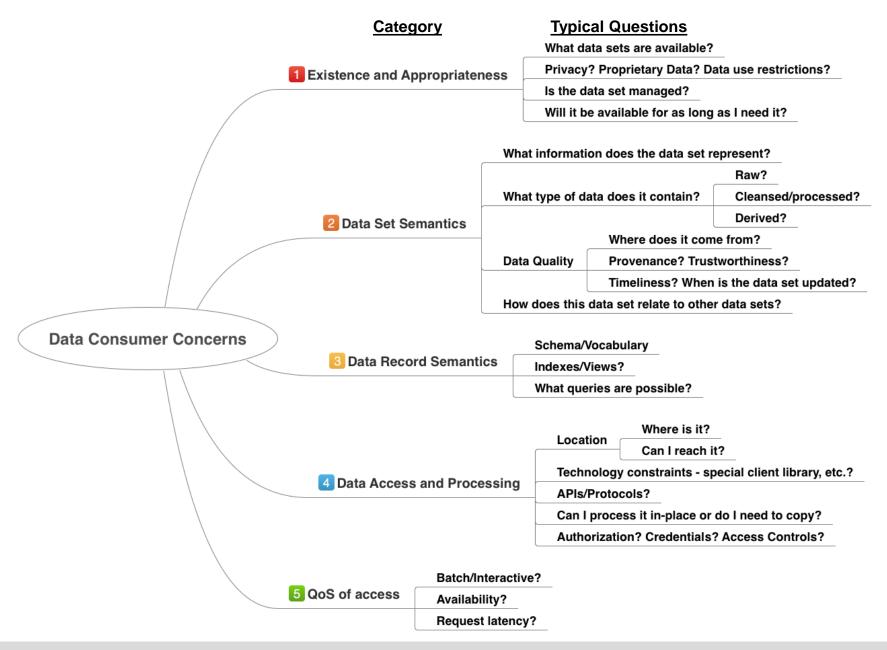
Technology constraints - special client library, etc.?

APIs/Protocols?

Can I process it in-place or do I need to copy?

Authorization? Credentials? Access Controls?





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#### Playbook for Data Governance

Identify your high benefit decisions

- Infrequent but high impact, high frequency but low impact, ...
- Identify the data sets that support your highest benefit decisions
- What is the producer/consumer relationship for each high benefit data set?
  - 1-1 → Probably no governance needed
  - 1-Many, Many-Many → Consider applying governance

What to govern = what constraints to impose on the producer?

- Use Data Consumer Concerns checklist where are your gaps?
- Balance cost and benefit to keep value positive

Work down the list of high benefit decisions

Review periodically – have your high benefit decisions changed?

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