### Role Model Transformations for Flow Analysis in Cyberdefense

### John Gerth Stanford University



FloCon 2016

## **Metrics and Analytics**

• 2012 Packet Dynamics

- Leveraging protocols and human factors

- 2014 Producer/Consumer Ratio

   Characterizing data flow across scales
- 2015 ASNs and Flow Locality
   Enriching "netography" in flow
- 2016 Orientation and Degree

- The view from where you sit



### **Classic Flow Orientation and Role**

### Orientation

- Packet Src / Dst Addresses
- Role
  - Client/Server
    - By convention first packet seen
    - By context "well-known" port numbers
    - Derived or inferred from above



# Cyberdefense Tasks

- Situational Awareness
  - Summarize "the view from here"
  - Which ways are data flowing?
  - What roles are evident?
- Incident Response / Forensics
  - Focus on flow sequences and semantics
  - Who have suspect machines been talking to?
  - Can we pivot our viewpoint?



# Identifying Roles

- Across Control/Data/Management Planes
  - Client/Server
  - Master/Slave
  - Peer-to-Peer
  - Pub/Sub
- Behavioral Domains
  - Not just Src/Dst -- Location of actors is critical
  - Producer/Consumer
  - Importer/Exporter
  - · It's mostly "us versus them"
    - North/South
  - Although "them" may be internal
    - East/West



# Locality Layers

• Every IP has a locality

Either the enterprise ASN – or the remote ASN srcASN = ASmap[srcIP]; dstASN = ASmap[dstIP]

### • Every flow has a locality

(Let uni=:{? unicast dstIP}; then locality:= uni \*( uni + (srcASN == dstASN) )

- 0: non-unicast
- 1: unicast from outside enterprise
- 2: enterprise unicast from outside observation point

(optionally)

3+: additional east/west granularity inside organizational units



# Calculating Flow Locality

- Every Flow acquires a locality from its IPs
  - Compare locality value of SrcIP and DstIP
  - Lower value is the value for the flow
- Example: DNS lookup via Google
  - SrcIP = 172.17.1.34 (locality = 2)
  - -DstIP = 8.8.8.8 (locality = 1)
  - Flow locality = 1



## Flow Degree

- Summarize Orientation and Data Exchange Capture the local perspective on communication
- Sign gives direction of first packet
  - +: Local IP (outbound)
  - -: Remote IP (inbound)
- Exchange depth (decreasing order)
  - **3**: Payload exchange in both directions
  - 2: Packet exchange in both directions
  - 1: One-way packets
  - 0: Nonsensical (for bi-directional flows)



# Flow Degree Values

- 3: Local client exchanged payloads
- 2: Local client exchanged packets
- 1: Local client sent ignored packets
- 0: Nonsensical
- -1: Local server ignored packets
- -2: Local server exchanged packets
- -3: Local server exchanged payloads



### Degrees – Good, Bad, and Ugly

#### 3 : Local client exchanged payloads with remote server

- Lookup at Google Public DNS
- Data exfiltration via DNS to Ukranian domain
- 2 : Local client exchanged packets with remote server
  - Normal exchange of ACKs with Amazon web server
  - Heartbeat sent to Dutch C&C server
- 1: Local client sent ignored packets to remote address
  - Connect fails to offline webserver at non-profit
  - Compromised laptop in marketing scanning DOE lab
- 0: Nonsensical
  - DDOS backscatter (SYN/ACK, NTP spoof, ...)
- -1: Local server ignored packets from remote address
  - Host firewall silently drops Brazilian RDP troll
  - Compromised desktop receives "port-knock" packet from asian IP
- -2: Local server exchanged packets with remote client
  - FIN/ACK during web server TCP session teardown
  - ACK sent during DDOS SYN flood
- -3: Local server exchanged payloads with remote client
  - Mail server accepts inbound Greek e-mail for local user
  - Web server compromised by SQL injection from Romanian IP



## Transforms

#### Definitions

F.direction =: SIGN(F.degree) F.locindex =: (1 = F.dir ? 0: 1)

#### Addresses

Lip=: (Sip,Dip)[F.locindex]

Sip=: (Lip,Rip)[F.locindex]

Rip=: (Sip,Dip)[~F.locindex] Dip=: (Lip,Rip)[~F.locindex]

#### • Metrics

- Producer/Consumer Ratio (1.0 to -1.0)
  - PCR=: (Spayload-Dpayload)/(Spayload+Dpayload)
- Export/Import Ratio (1.0 to -1.0)
  - XIR=: (Lpayload-Rpayload)/Lpayload+Rpayload)
- Relationship
  - XIR = Edirection \* PCR



### Implementation at Stanford EE/CS

- Observation point
  - Layer 2 entry point switches of three buildings
  - Argus sensor creating bi-directional flows
- Topology
  - Four dozen VLANs shared across buildings
- Locality definition
  - -0, 1, 2, VLANid



## **Classic Flow Storage**

- Archives for batch analysis
  - Flat flow files organized by sensor
  - Sequentially time-sequenced
- Relational DB for interactive queries
  - Tables partitioned by date/time
  - Indexed by Src IP, Dst IP, Dst Port



### Enhanced Database Organizaton

- Addresses
  - Store both Src/Dst and Lcl/Rmt
  - Rmt ASN
- Degree + Locality
  - For each flow store Degree + Locality
- Indexing
  - Lcl/Rmt IPs
  - Dst port, ASN, VLAN



### Situational Awareness Queries

#### • Aggregate traffic by date for last 96 hours

q)select f:count i, count distinct l\_ipn, count distinct r\_ipn, xir:avg pcr\*signum role, sum t\_ab by date from flow where date within 2015.06.23 2015.06.26

date | f l\_ipn r\_ipn xir t\_ab 2015.06.23| 9241197 6057 69320 0.22 3049916808392 2015.06.24| 7833157 6096 63296 0.277 495980015533 2015.06.25| 8083707 5976 59831 0.279 360244608240 2015.06.26| 8365180 6038 56958 0.28 1988082088281

#### Today's traffic by flow degree

q)select f:count i, count distinct l\_ipn, count distinct r\_ipn, xir:avg pcr\*signum role, sum t\_ab by deg from flow where date=2015.06.26

deg	ļ	f	l_ipn	r_ipn	xir	t_ab
	ļ					
-3	L	719903	616	18933	0.239	939859443721
-2	l	113111	611	9625	-0.235	2070257797
-1		179180	4916	11756	-0.61	40699133
0	l	23377	188	943	0	14913012
1		3016053	3516	14408	0.961	28581829274
2		775767	937	16088	0.228	53623522525
3	I	3537789	1395	22515	-0.217	963891422819



### Situational Awareness Queries

### Show dataflow for top remote hosts

"Top Remote (excluding Google, Amazon, Yahoo)"							
nlip	tot	xi	begin	recent			
1	1126982	0.974	00:00	18:04			
2	313645	-0.369	00:00	18:04			
1	218670	0.625	04:59	16:14			
47	143908	0.318	00:00	18:04			
2	135902	-0.999	00:00	18:04			
	nlip 1 2 1 47	nlip tot 1 1126982 2 313645 1 218670 47 143908	nlip tot xi 1 1126982 0.974 2 313645 -0.369 1 218670 0.625 47 143908 0.318	nlip tot xi begin 1 1126982 0.974 00:00 2 313645 -0.369 00:00 1 218670 0.625 04:59 47 143908 0.318 00:00			



### **Incident Handling**

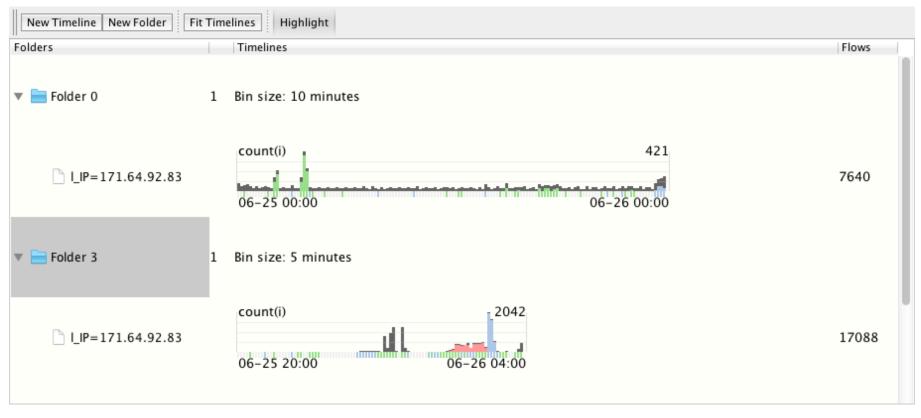
q)select f:count i by date from flow where date within 2015.06.21 2015.06.26,l\_ipn=ipi `171.64.92.83
date | f
------| ----2015.06.21| 7716
2015.06.22| 8646
2015.06.23| 7721
2015.06.24| 10121
2015.06.25| 7640
2015.06.26| 104374

q)select f:count i by loc,deg from flow where date=2015.06.26,l\_ipn=ipi `171.64.92.83,(abs loc)in 1 2 3h loc deg | f

	acg		•
1	-3	l	6255
1	-2		245
1	-1		247
1	0		94
1	1		480
1	2		65
1	3		501
2	-2		1
2	-1		38
2	1		1383
2	2		247
2	3		82846



### **Intrusion Timelines**







### **Intrusion Detail**

Query 2042 events from 2015-06-26. Filtered by I_IP=171.64.92.83						
r_IP    t_aBytes						
	03:00	03:01	03:02	03:03	03:04	
37. 9.224.218	œ-					
114.125.175.144	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
121. 40.237. 98					٨	
171. 64.110. 50	<u>e</u> —	<b>e</b>				
171. 67.219. 85					10. (0 1) <b>e</b>	
172.245.222. 52						
185. 49. 15.195		A				
192.119. 21.254		Δ Δ	٨	Δ Δ	<u>Λ Φ</u> Ο Λ	
224. 0. 0.251						



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# Summary

- Enabling Additional Perspectives
  - North/South and East/West
  - Export/Import, Depth, and Pivot
- Future work
  - Developing robust role signatures
  - Turning flow sequences into behaviors
  - Models of expected roles and behaviors

