

NORTHROP GRUMMAN DEFINING THE FUTURE

Mission Systems

January 29, 2003

Enterprise Process Improvement Approach

Conference on the Acquisition of Software-Intensive Systems
Arlington, Virginia

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Vice President, Six Sigma



Agenda

- ❏ **Business Drivers**
- ❏ **Synergies – CMMI and Six Sigma**
- ❏ **Mission Systems' Enterprise Approach to Improvement**
- ❏ **Institutionalizing our Success**
- ❏ **Lessons Learned**

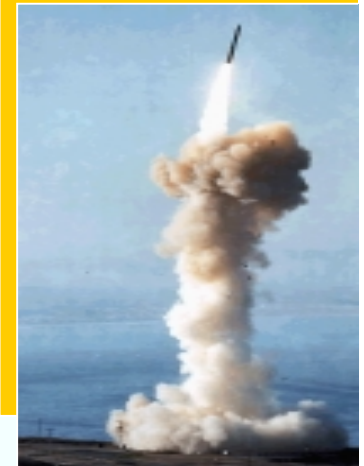


Northrop Grumman Mission Systems

- § **A leading global integrator of complex systems**
 - Based on information technology and systems engineering expertise
 - Integrated solutions: architecture, development and sustainment
- § **Many customers and markets in transformation**
- § **Six Sigma – a cornerstone of our transformation**



Treasury Communications System



Intercontinental Ballistic Missile Program



Ohio MARCS

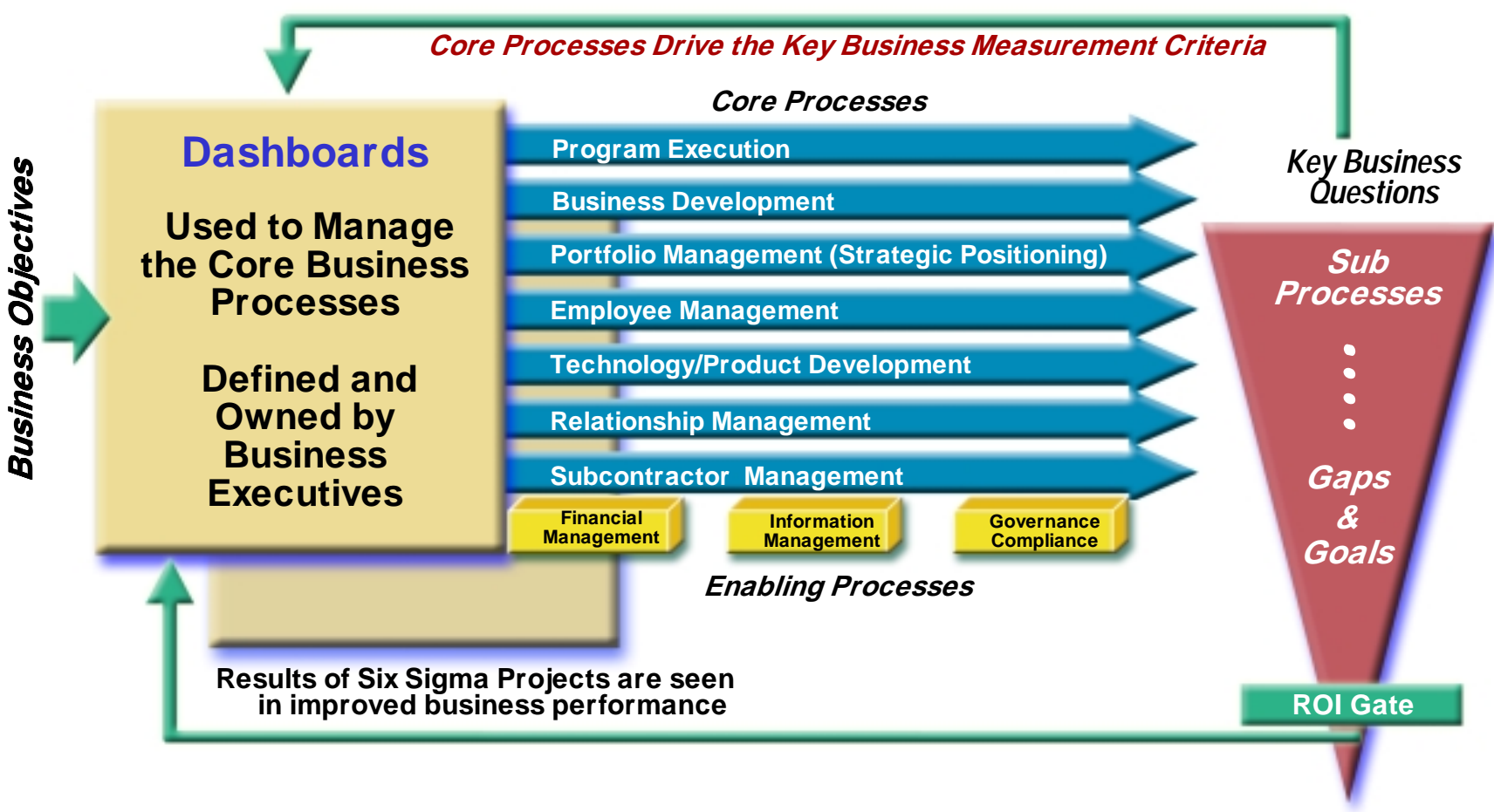


Business Drivers

- § **Competitive advantage through lower costs and lower risks**
 - § Ability to predictably deliver on time and within schedule
 - § Increased customer satisfaction and associated growth
- § **Better business management through management by data**
 - § Quantitatively understand performance and quality drivers
 - § More strategic and less tactical
- § **Enterprise approach to process improvement**
 - § Ability to capitalize on knowledge from all across the organization
 - § Common infrastructure for all improvement initiatives
 - § Common policies, processes, and training



Driving the Business Model





Typical Challenges During Acquisition

- n **Acquisition process starts very early during strategy development, where leverage is greatest**
 - § **Teaming and other Supplier arrangements**
 - § **Technology, “Fit”, and other competitive factors**

- n **Gathering information relative to Suppliers and Teammates typically focuses on individual contract performance**
 - § **Enterprise and Strategic view generally have additional metrics**

- n **Significant inter-relationships among all teammates**
 - § **As evidenced by the degree of subcontracting**



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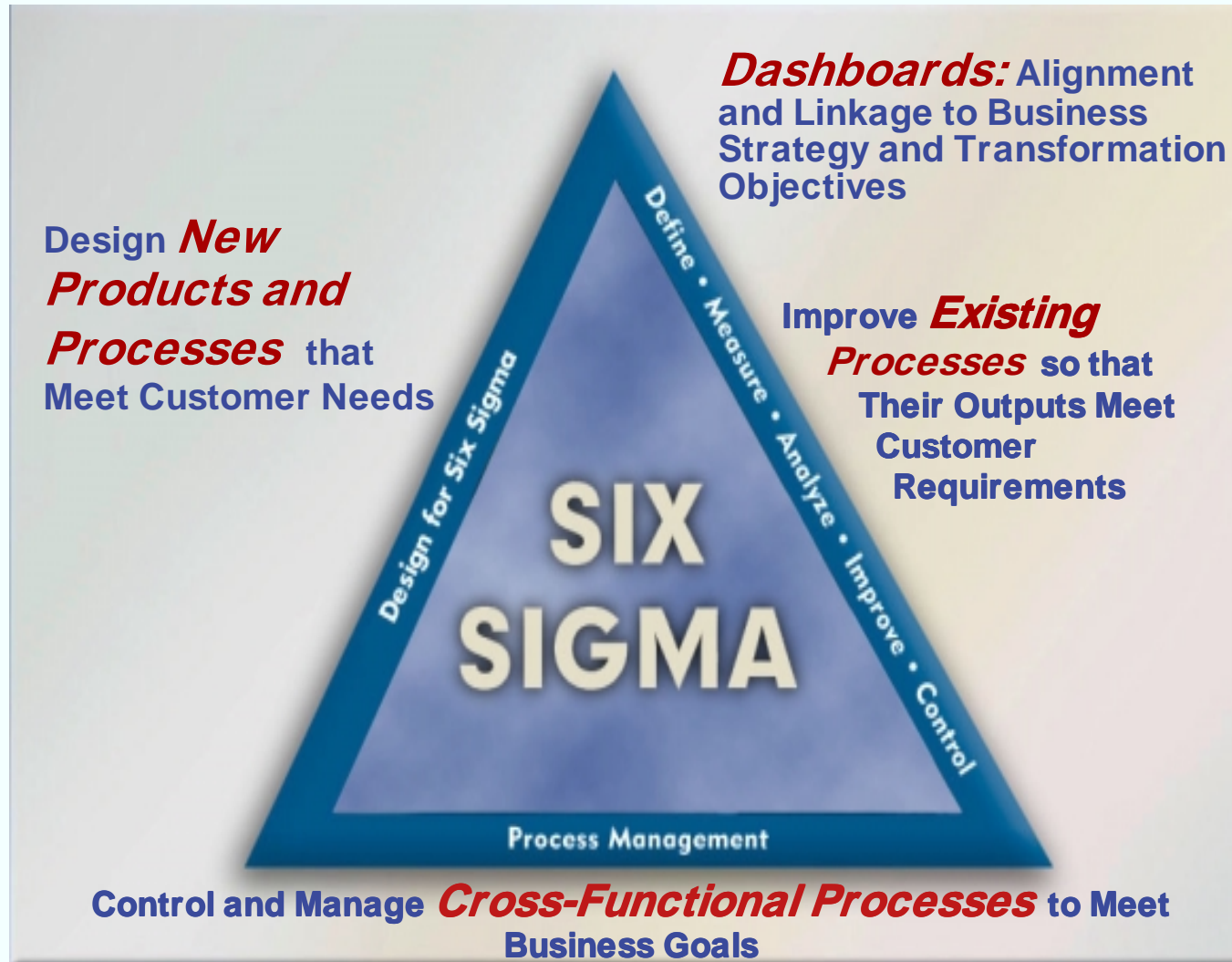
What is Six Sigma?

- n **A disciplined, data-driven methodology for improving program and business performance**
 - n Focuses on process performance by eliminating defects and reducing variation
 - n Establishes a common language and set of tools
 - n Identifies what's critical to quality in the eyes of the customer
 - n Uses metrics to measure process capability
- n **Links process improvement to organizational strategic objectives**
 - n Decomposes larger, strategic goals / gaps into a series of projects
 - n Prioritized based upon expected financial benefit expected

Six Sigma is about satisfying customer needs economically



Six Sigma Methodologies



D – DEFINE

Each project must have a business case and sponsor

M – MEASURE

You can't manage what you don't measure

A – ANALYZE

Solve the problem, not the symptoms

I – IMPROVE

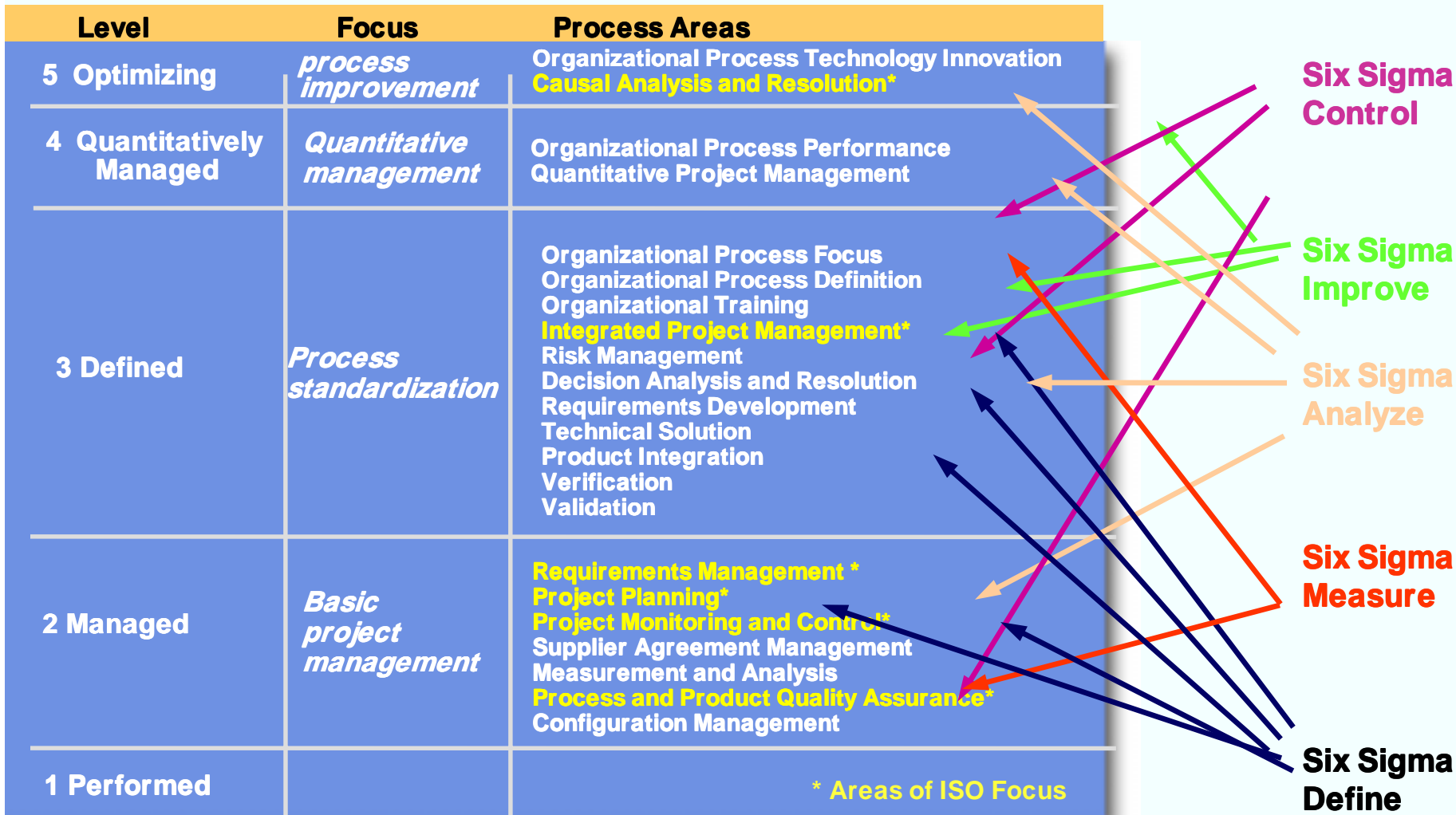
Push for innovations, breakthrough thinking

C – CONTROL

Who is accountable for making the fix stick?



CMMI Relationship to Six Sigma





Comparison of CMMI to Six Sigma

For an individual process:

- n CMMI identifies *what* activities are expected (industry best-practice)
- n Six Sigma identifies *how* activities might be improved (more efficient, more effective, ...)

SG 1	Establish Estimates
SP 1.1	Estimate the Scope of the Project
SP 1.2	Establish Estimates of Project Attributes
SP 1.3	Define Project Life Cycle
SP 1.4	Determine Estimates of Effort and Cost
SG 2	Develop a Project Plan
SP 2.1	Establish the Budget and Schedule
SP 2.2	Identify Project Risks
SP 2.3	Plan for Data Management
SP 2.4	Plan for Project Resources
SP 2.5	Plan for Needed Knowledge and Skills
SP 2.6	Plan Stakeholder Involvement
SP 2.7	Establish the Project Plan
SG 3	Obtain Commitment to the Plan
SP 3.1	Review Subordinate Plans
SP 3.2	Reconcile Work and Resource Levels
SP 3.3	Obtain Plan Commitment

Example – Project Planning in CMMI

Could fully meet CMMI goals and practices, but still write poor plans

Six Sigma can be used to improve planning process and write better plans



Comparison of CMMI to Six Sigma (Cont'd.)

For the organizational infrastructure:

- n Six Sigma identifies **what** activities are used for improvement (DMAIC, DMADV)
- n CMMI identifies **how** those activities might be implemented (Process Groups, Training Offices)

SG 1 Determine Process Improvement Opportunities

- SP 1.1 Establish Organizational Process Needs
- SP 1.2 Assess the Organization's Processes
- SP 1.3 Identify the Organization's Process Improvements

SG 2 Plan and Implement Process Improvement Activities

- SP 2.1 Establish Process Action Plans
- SP 2.2 Implement Process Action Plans
- SP 2.3 Deploy Process and Related Process Assets
- SP 2.4 Incorporate Process-Related Experiences into the Organization's Process Assets

GG 3 Institutionalize a Defined Process

**Example –
Organizational Process Focus in
CMMI**

***Six Sigma doesn't assess overall
organizational capability***

***CMMI provides an approach to
setting up the infrastructure***



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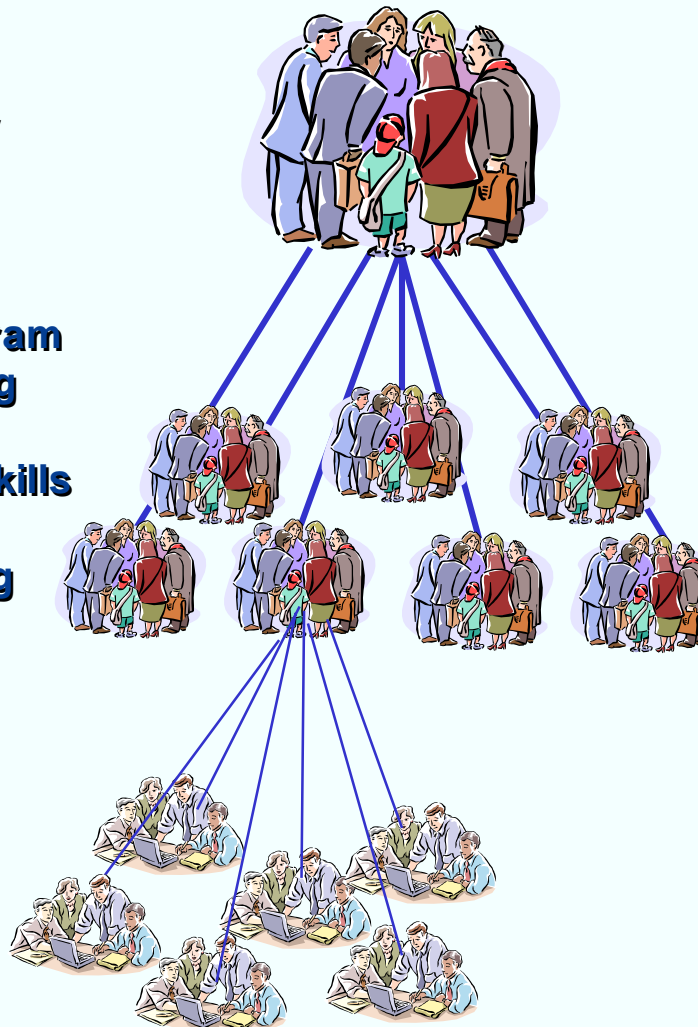
Organized Enterprise-Wide for Accomplishments

n We leverage our Six Sigma efforts off our successful CMMI infrastructure

§ **Common Process Management program office and reporting structure**

§ **Shared staff with skills in both areas**

§ **Information sharing from Enterprise to Division to Project**



Mission Systems

- **Process Management staff**
- **Mission Systems Process Group**
- **Office of Cost Estimation**
- **Six Sigma Training Office**
- **Dashboards**

Divisions

- **Division Champions**
- **Division Process Groups**
- **Training Offices (engineering, management)**

Projects

- **Self-Assessment Tool**
- **Corrective Action System**

Six Sigma Projects

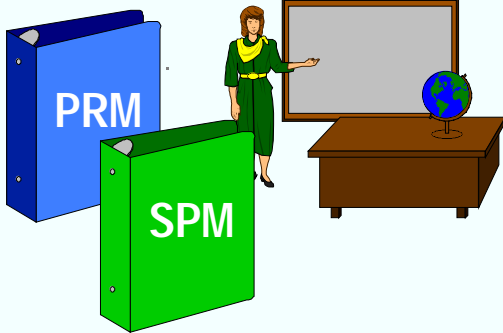
- **StartIt! Database**
- **Best Practice Sharing**



Highlights of Our Approach

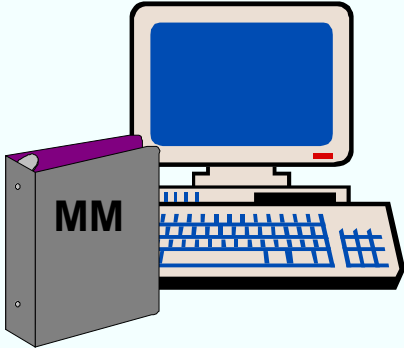
Enterprise-Wide Institutionalization

- Policy & Requirements Manual
- Standard Process Manual
- Training



Quantitatively Measured

- Metrics Manual
- Measurement repository



Projects



Six Sigma Teams

- DMAIC / DFSS
- Tools & methods



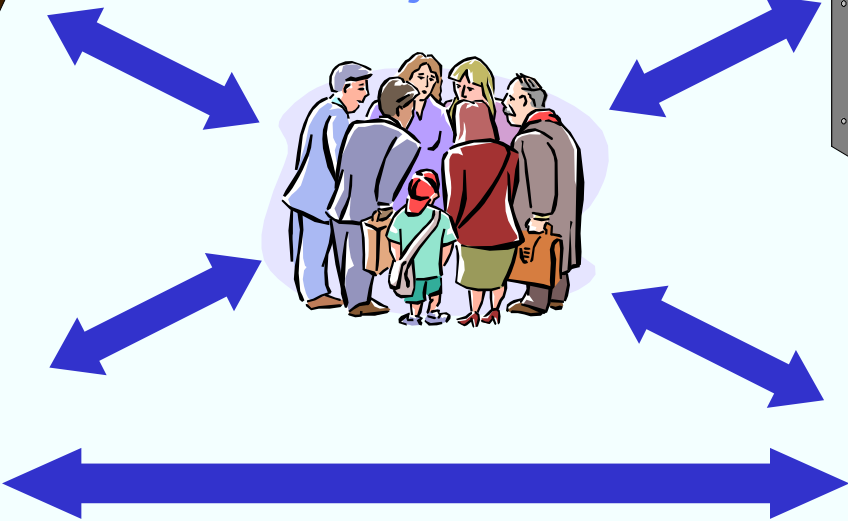
CMMI Assessments

- Self-Assessment Tool
- Internal / external formal assessments



CMMI / Six Sigma Synergy

- Project Reviews / Summits
- Integrated strategies





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Institutionalizing Our Improvements

Industry/Government Standards



⌘ Communications
⌘ Sharing best-practices
⌘ Measurement & dashboards

Organizational Policies & Processes



Organizational Training & Tools



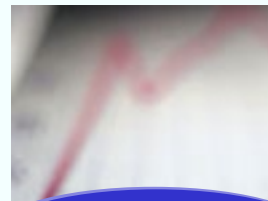
Project Plans



Metrics Database



Project Results



Project Schedules & Budgets





Communication via On Line Resources



Web site



*StartIt!
Program Management*



GB Primer



*Monthly
Newsletter*

Six Sigma on-line resources facilitate communication, project management and sharing of best practices



Sharing of Best Practices Through Online Collaboration



Project Start-Up

Target Meet, Qualification, Pursuit, Bid Decision, Proposal, Award, Project Start-Up, Project Performance, Project Wrap-Up, Project Close-Out

Activities in this Phase were last updated on **Wednesday, Mar 6, 2002**
Resources in this Phase were last updated on **Tuesday, Mar 5, 2002**

Contract Characteristic: Development - Federal

Project Start-Up

Phase Description
This phase begins normally when the award is announced or just prior to a strongly expected award. This is a very critical phase of a project and lays down the foundation for a smoothly run, efficient project. If the project has not yet started or the contract and contract funding are not yet approved a request for pre-contractual or non-contractual funds may be required. It is recommended that the reader review the "Wrap Up" phase in starting the project as activities and checklists required should aid this phase as well.

Assumptions
Award has occurred (but project has not started) or Award has occurred and project starts immediately.

Activities

- Call Project Management Team Meeting
 - Continue team building
 - Analyze and understand the contract requirements, specifications and acceptance criteria (if applicable).
 - Transfer Proposal team's knowledge to the Project team (if different than proposal team)

Resources [Legend]

Start-Up

Project Start-Up

Local intranet



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Lessons Learned: Keys to Success

- § **Executive leadership and sponsorship mandatory to achieving long-term, sustaining results or “management by data**
- § **Integrated, enterprise-wide approach provides a cost-effective way of institutionalizing processes**
 - § **Common policies, processes, metrics, training and assessment methodology**
 - § **Promotes sharing of best practices and lessons learned**
- § ***Communicate* plan, approach, and most importantly, results**
- § **Understanding variation in process performance allows more insight into estimation**
 - § **What’s likely cost of work? For ourselves? Our Teammates?**
 - § **What’s probability we can perform work for \$____?**



Summary

- § **Mission Systems has a broad, enterprise-wide framework in place for process improvement**
 - § **Focused on metrics to drive improvements**
 - § **Part of overall business strategy**
 - § **Common policies and processes**

- § **Institutionalization re-enforced through collaborative on-line environment and common tools**
 - § **Centralized metrics data base, lessons learned and best practices on-line**
 - § **Synergy between Six Sigma and CMMI**

- § **Enterprise investment strategies are long-term and broadly focused across the entire customer base**
 - § **To influence investments, government agencies should consider long-term preferences for investment**
 - § **“Registration” significant step in increasing consistency in evaluations**