

Accelerating CMMI Implementation with PSP and TSP in a Small Organization

Karina Cedillo QuarkSoft, S.C. SEPG 2005 March 8, 2005

Agenda



Introduction CMM Implementation Status Approach to CMMI Lessons Learned

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The Company



- Small start up company
- Core business: Outsourcing software development
- Committed to quality software development
- Created with PSP/TSP principles

- Focus on creating an organizational culture based on quality
- Management sponsorship and commitment since the creation of the company
- Strong interest on improvement not just for a CMM/CMMI rating





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PSP/TSP and SW-CMM¹



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	Level	Focus	Key Process Areas (KPA)
5	Optimizing	Continuous process improvement	 √Defect prevention √Technology change management √Process change management
4	Managed	Product and process quality	√Quantitative process management √Software quality management
3	Defined	Engineering process	 ✓Organization process focus ✓Organization process definition Training program ✓Integrated software management ✓Software product engineering Intergroup coordination ✓Peer reviews
2	Repeatable	Project management	Requirements management Software project planning Software project tracking Software quality assurance Software configuration management Software subcontract management

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¹ Adapted from Carnegie Mellon Software Engineering Institute (SEI) ⁶ Accelerating CMMI implementation with PSP and TSP in a small organization

Motivation

- Maintain a strong competitive position based on the ability to follow a mature process and produce quality products
- Consolidate
 PSP/TSP
 implementation

- Based on results
 from report:
 CMU/SEI-2002-TR 008 ²
- Consolidate as a level 5 organization

² Relating the Team Software Process (TSP) to the Capability Maturity Model for Software® (SW-CMM®), Davis, Noopur and McHale, Jim, CMU/SEI-2002-TR-008, ESC-TR-2002-008, June 2002



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How we did it?

- Initially SW-CMM was the model chosen for SPI
- SEI's IDEALSM model used for planning and implementing SPI program
- PSP and TSP used for CMM implementation



* CMU/SEI-96-HB-001 IDEAL: A User's Guide for Software Process Improvement

• SEPG team: Two fulltime persons

• TWG participation

SPI Timeline



	2001		2002				2004		
PSP- TSP	05/01 First PSP trained group	06/01 TSP Project Launch							
СММ			04/02 SEPG officially started	05/02 Initial self- assessment	08/02 Executing action plan for CMM L2 gaps and TSP improvements	02/03 Final adjustments to CMM L2 Processes	02/03 Executing action plan for CMM L3 gaps	11/03 Final adjustments to CMM L3	03/04 CMM Level 3 Self- assessment
SEI TR- 008		\bigcirc		06/02 SEI-TR-008 Release		of			

SPI Implementation - Initiating





- **IDEAL** Initiating
 - Inherent management sponsorship support and commitment
 - TSP widely used
 - SEPG formed
 - TSP selected for planning and monitoring the SPI project
 - SPI high-level plan

Initiating

SPI Implementation – Diagnosing

- IDEAL Diagnosing
 - Self-assessment completed
 - CMU/SEI-2002-TR-008 results considered
 - SPI plan refined
 - QuarkSoft's diagnostic recommendations and results

Diagnosing

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SPI Implementation – Establishing

- IDEAL Establishing
 - Baseline findings and recommendations integrated into SPI plan
 - Implementation Strategy approved
 - Set priorities
 - SPI launch (TSP tailoring)
 - New SEPG members
 - SQA person (part-time)
 - Technical Working Groups (TWG) participation

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ablishing



SPI Implementation – Acting

- IDEAL Acting
 - Executing detailed plan obtained from SPI launch
 - Build up existing PSP/TSP processes
 - TWG's work coordinated by SEPG
 - Support from other organizational departments:
 - Human Resources person (HR)
 - Finance and accounting
 - Piloting of potential solutions on available SW projects
 - TSP help us identify a set of SPI standard tasks

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Acting

SPI Implementation – Learning

- IDEAL Learning
 - Postmortems (TSP) were made on each SPI cycle
 - SPI estimation adjustment based on previous cycle results
 - Adjustments on TWG's plans and SPI task definitions
 - Requirements from different clients and small projects modified improvement plan



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Implementation Issues



- TWGs
 - Participation facilitates process improvement adoption and acceptance
 - Different levels of experience
 - Management and coordination effort
- Planning of new process piloting is critical
- Tailoring of organizational practices for a small company is required

Results and TSP coverage - 1



- CMU/SEI-2002-TR-008 was an invaluable tool to define SPI strategy and action plan
- Most CMM implementation was at organizational level
- Adjustments and improvements on TSP implementation were required

Results and TSP coverage - 2



- SW-CMM Level 2
 - On practice, TSP provided strong coverage of the practices required for SPP and SPTO KPAs
 - SPP KPA:
 - Due to business needs and project characteristics we allocate more effort to improve SPP practices
 - SQA KPA:
 - QS reinforced SQA practices with an organizational SQA but most of the SQA project activities are performed by TSP Quality Manager role
 - SCM KPA:
 - CCB was already implemented by TSP
 - TSP Support Manager role help to perform most SCM project practices
 - RM KPA:
 - Due to business needs and project characteristics we allocate more effort to improve RM practices
 - Customer Interface role helped with RM responsibilities

SW-CMM Level 3

- TSP facilitates the creation of the organization's software process database
- Due to the organizational focus of L3 more work was required to achieve this level
- PR KPA was strongly supported by TSP practices
- TP KPA required considerable effort
- IC KPA required practices from TSPm (multi-team)

Results and TSP Coverage - 1



SPI Effort for CMM-L2



Project Key Practices Profile at Level 2*

* From CMU/SEI-2002-TR-008 report

Results and TSP Coverage - 2



SPI Effort for CMM-L3



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SW-CMM vs. CMMI ³



LEVEL 5 OPTIMIZING	Defect Prevention Technology Change Mgmt Process Change Management	Causal Analysis and Resolution Organizational Innovation & Deployment
LEVEL 4 MANAGED	Quantitative Process Mgmt	Organizational Process Performance Quantitative Project Management
LEVEL 3 DEFINED	Organization Process Focus Organization Process Definition Training Program Integrated Software Mgmt Software Product Engr Intergroup Coordination Peer Reviews	Organization Process Focus Organization Process Definition Organizational Training Integrated Project Management Risk Management Requirements Development Technical Solution Product Integration Verification Validation Decision Analysis and Resolution
LEVEL 2 REPEATABLE	Requirements Management Software Project Planning Software Project Tracking & Oversight Software Subcontract Mgmt Software Quality Assurance Software Configuration Mgmt	Requirements Management Project Planning Project Monitoring and Control Supplier Agreement Management Product & Process Quality Assurance Configuration Management Measurement and Analysis

³ Adapted from Carnegie Mellon Software Engineering Institute (SEI) M. Phillips 21

SPI Direction Change



- SPI project had completed CMM L2 and L3 processes improvements
- Some L3 improvements still required to be piloted
- Strategic Business needs
- SW-CMM sunset (2005)
- Limited resources for appraisals/assessments

Strategy from CMM to CMMI

- QuarkSoft (QS) used SW-CMM L3 processes
- QS had an improved and a stronger TSP implementation
- Therefore, thinking on CMMI-L3 (staged representation) was natural
- But, CMMI training was required and as well as a detailed gap analysis between CMM-CMMI and TSP-CMMI
- SCAMPI B before a SCAMPI A



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TSP and CMMI Findings



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SEI TR- 008				06/02 SEI-TR-008 Release								
СММІ						02/03 Analysis and Evaluation to move from CMM to CMMI			05/04 Decision to move from CMM to CMMI	07/04 CMMI strategy	10/ 04 - 11/04 SCAMBI B & C released	12/04 SCAMPI B at QS
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What did PSP/TSP provide?

Lessons Learned

- PSP and TSP help to build organizational quality culture
- TSP was the base of the organizational standard software process (QSSDP)
- Most processes at level 2
- Framework to guide and control SPI project
- TSP project roles fit very well with CMM/CMMI roles





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Lessons Learned - 1



- TSP is an important foundation to build OSSP
- PSP for engineers training was fundamental for CMM/CMMI implementation
- PSP/TSP training refreshments are required to maintain improvements
- TSP reduces change resistance
- TSP is useful to run any type of project, including an SPI project
- A better TSP tool is needed
- Pilot planning is essential to maintain the SPI initiative on time

Lessons Learned - 2



- CMM and CMMI can be applied on small organizations but roles need to be tailored
- TSP has a good coverage of CMM/CMMI at project level
- Moving from CMM to CMMI seemed easy but has required considerable effort
- This experience shows that TSP actually accelerates CMM/CMMI implementation in a small setting





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