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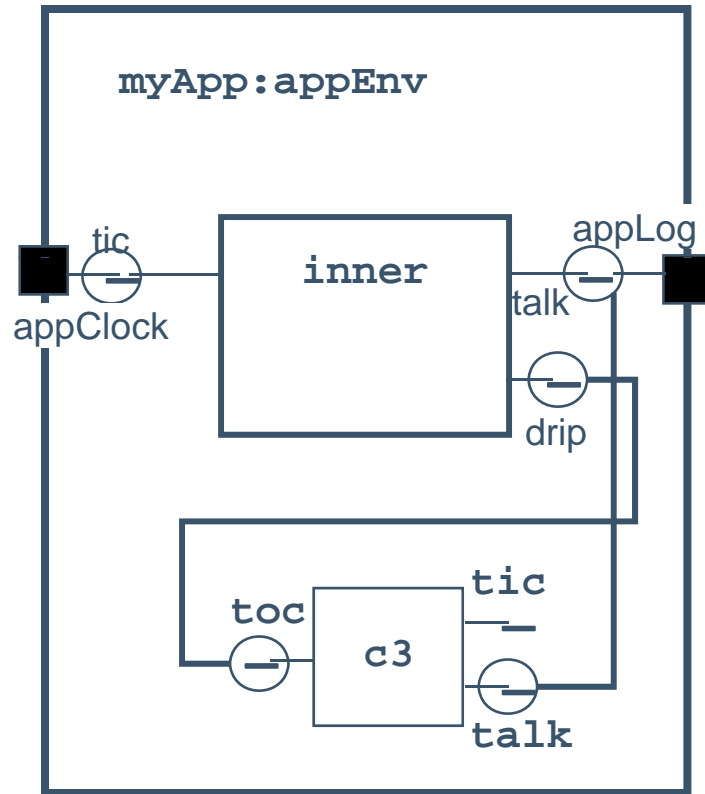
CCL in Pictures

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Example



Starting with a simple case

- single runtime `appEnv`
- inner is a `subassembly`
 - but you can't tell from here



Example – Define Component Type

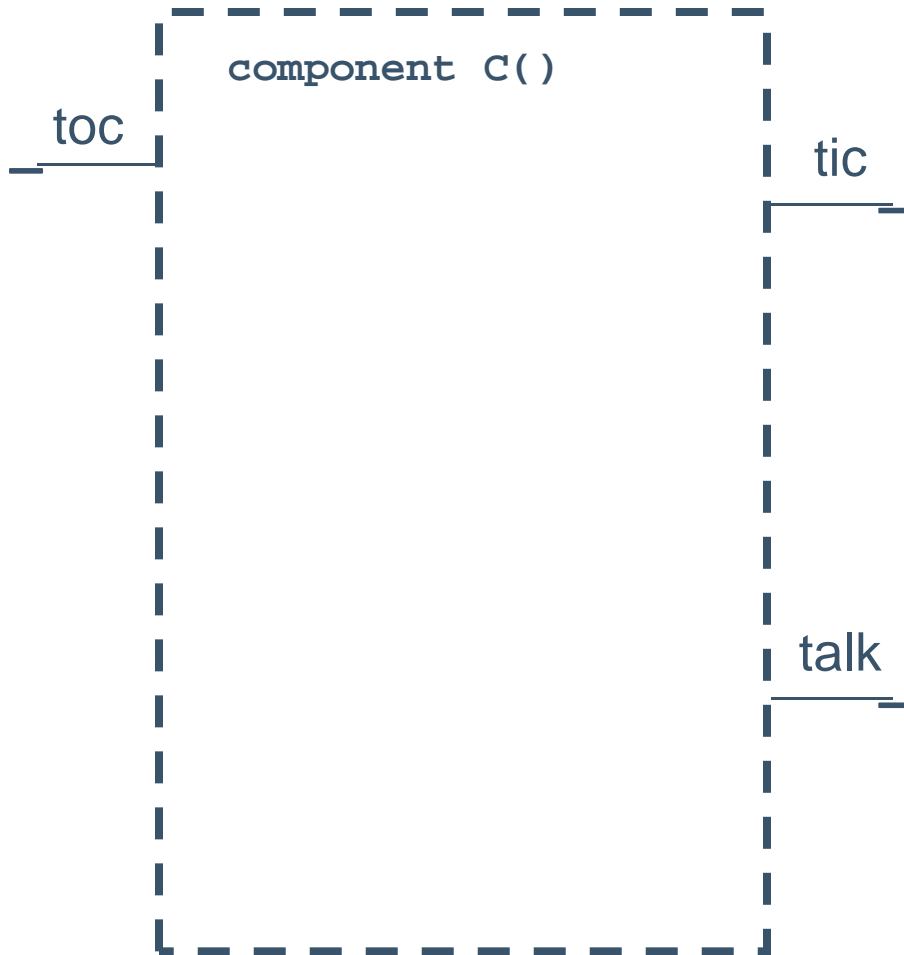


```
// CCL  
component C() {  
  ...  
}
```

the shell of a
component type



Example – Define Component Type

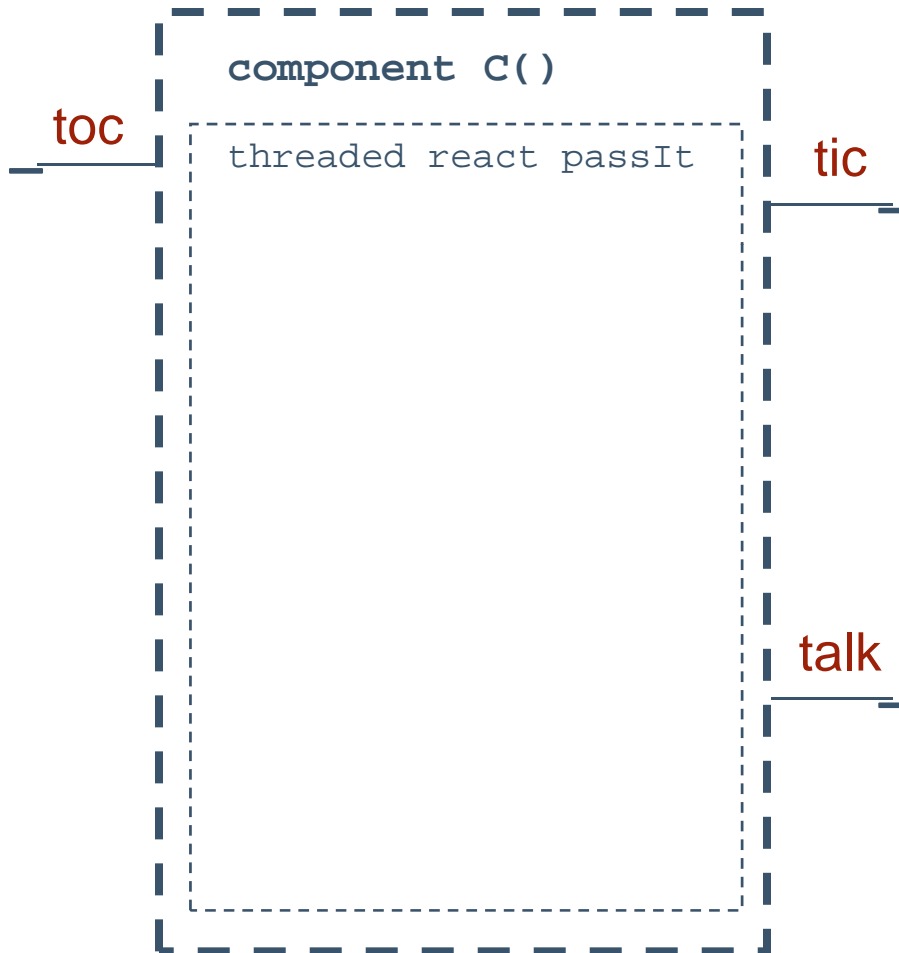


```
// CCL  
component C() {  
    sink asynch toc();  
    source unicast tic();  
    source unicast talk();  
    ...  
}
```

stimulus received on sink pins
and emitted on source pins
pin signature is covered in a separate module



Example – Define Component Type



```
// CCL
component C() {

  sink asynch toc();
  source unicast tic();
  source unicast talk();

  threaded react passIt(...) {
    ...
  }
}
```

component behavior is specified by reaction
reactions may be units of concurrent execution
components may have one or more reactions



Example – Define Component Type

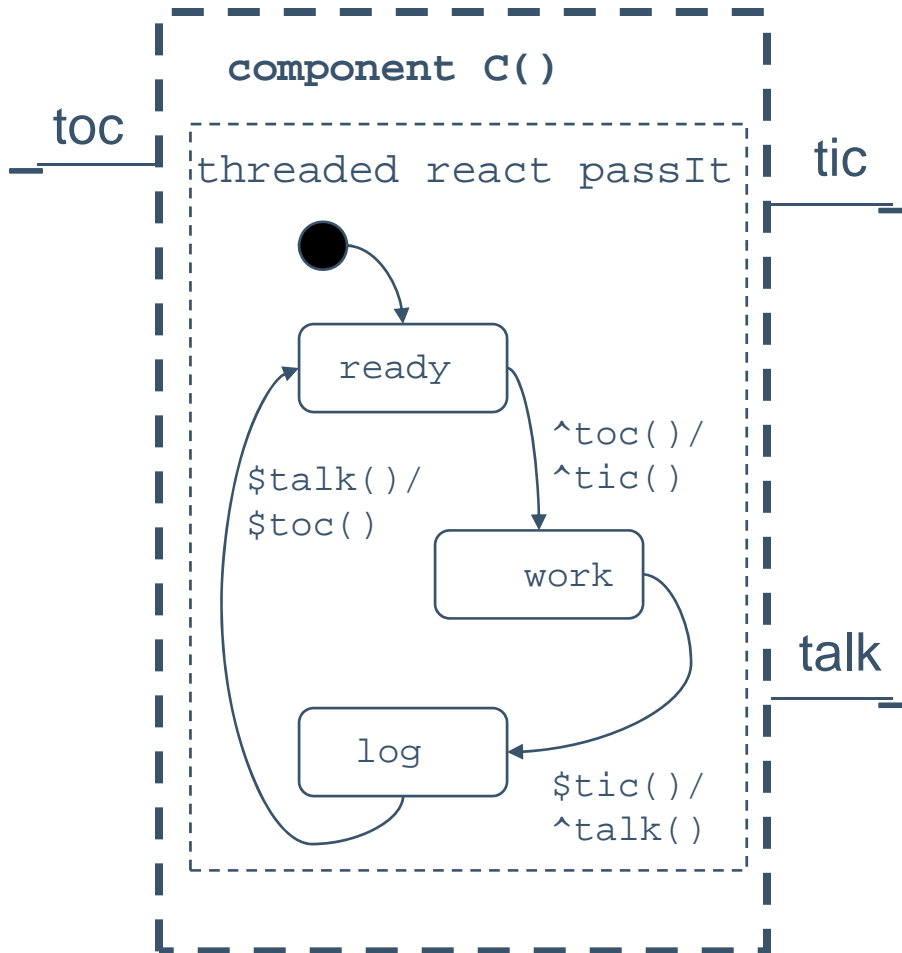


```
// CCL  
component C() {  
  
  sink asynch toc();  
  source unicast tic();  
  source unicast talk();  
  
  threaded react passIt(toc, tic, talk) {  
    ...  
  }  
}
```

the behavior of a reaction is visible through its pins



Example – Define Component Type



```
// CCL
component C() {

  sink asynch toc();
  source unicast tic();
  source unicast talk();
```

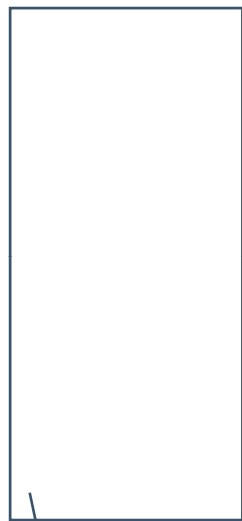
```
  threaded react passIt(toc, tic, talk) {
    start->ready{}
    ready->work{
      trigger ^toc(); action ^tic();
    }
    work->log{
      trigger $tic(); action ^talk();
    }
    log->ready{
      trigger $stalk(); action $toc();
    }
  }
}
```

behavior is specified as executable state machines \cong UML statecharts

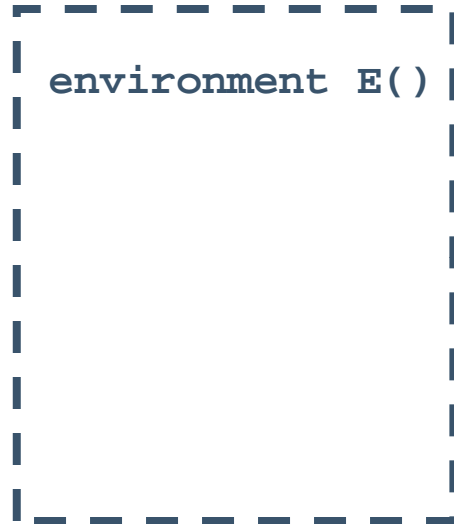
details about the CCL action language and writing reactions are provided in a separate module.



Example – Define Environment Type



an virtual palette associated
with each environment type



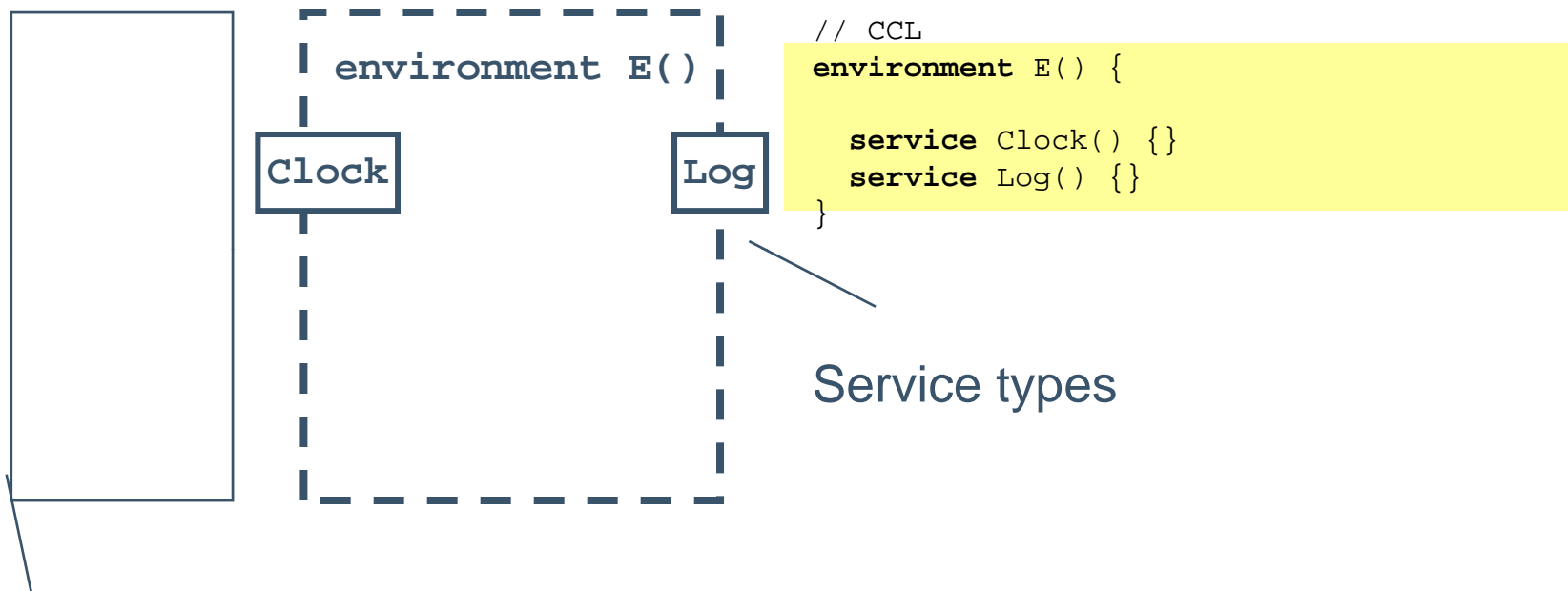
environment E()

```
// CCL  
environment E() {  
  
}
```

the shell of an environment type



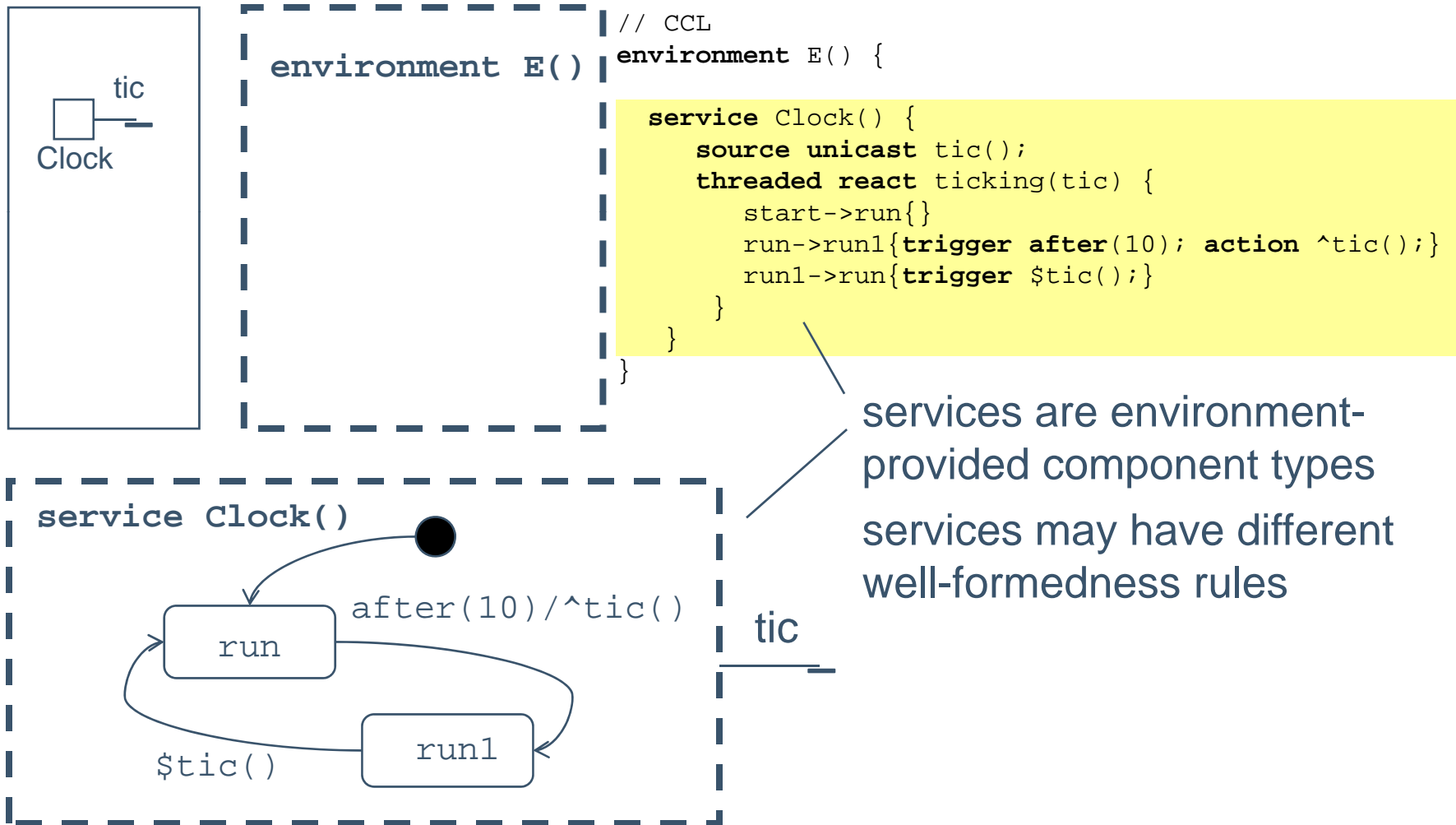
Example – Define Environment Type



an virtual palette of services types
associated with each environment type

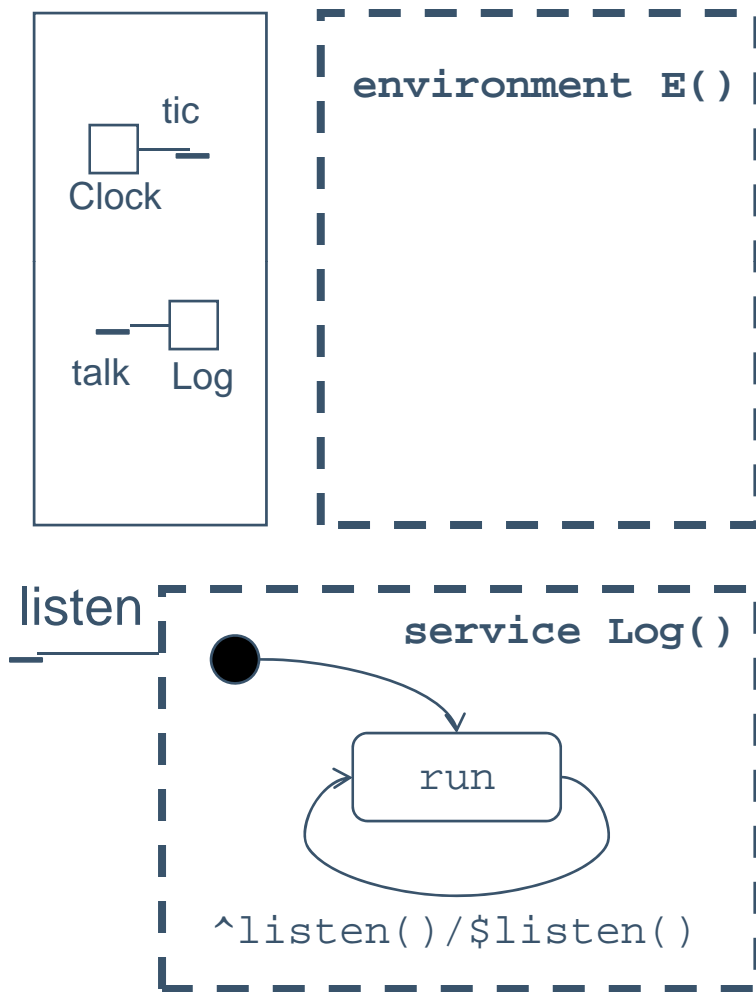


Example – Define Environment Type





Example – Define Environment Type



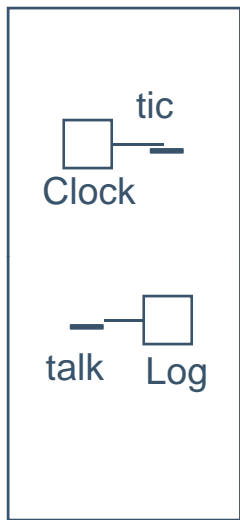
```
// CCL
environment E() {

  service Clock() {
    source unicast tic();
    threaded react ticking(tic) {
      start->run{}
      run->run1{trigger after(10); action ^tic();}
      run1->run{trigger $tic();}
    }
  }

  service Log() {
    sink asynch listen();
    threaded react logging(listen) {
      start->run{}
      run->run{trigger ^listen(); action $listen();}
    }
  }
}
```



Example – Define Environment Type



environment E()

```

// CCL
environment E() {
  service Clock() {
    source unicast tic();
    threaded react ticking(tic) {
      start->run{}
      run->run1{trigger after(10); action ^tic();}
      run1->run{trigger $tic();}
    }
  }

  service Log() {
    sink async listen();
    threaded react logging(listen) {
      start->run{}
      run->run{trigger ^listen(); action $listen();}
    }
  }

  sink handler (async, mutex) { } //details omitted
}
  
```

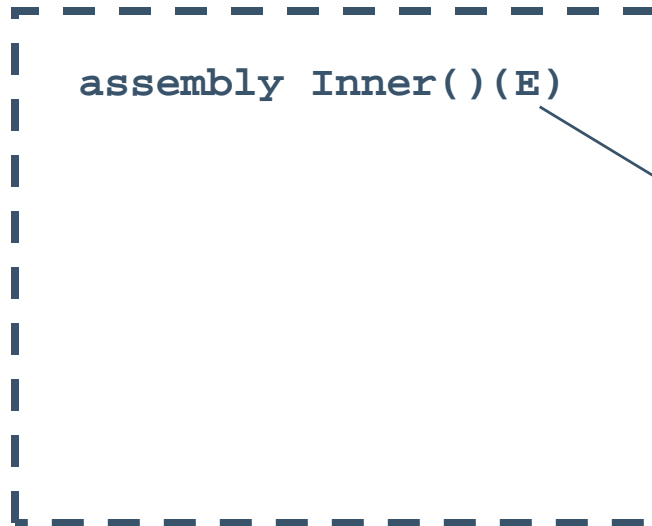
sink logic {-,>, {-,>}, {...} ...}

source logic {-}

sink handlers is not covered here...



Example – Define Inner Assembly Type

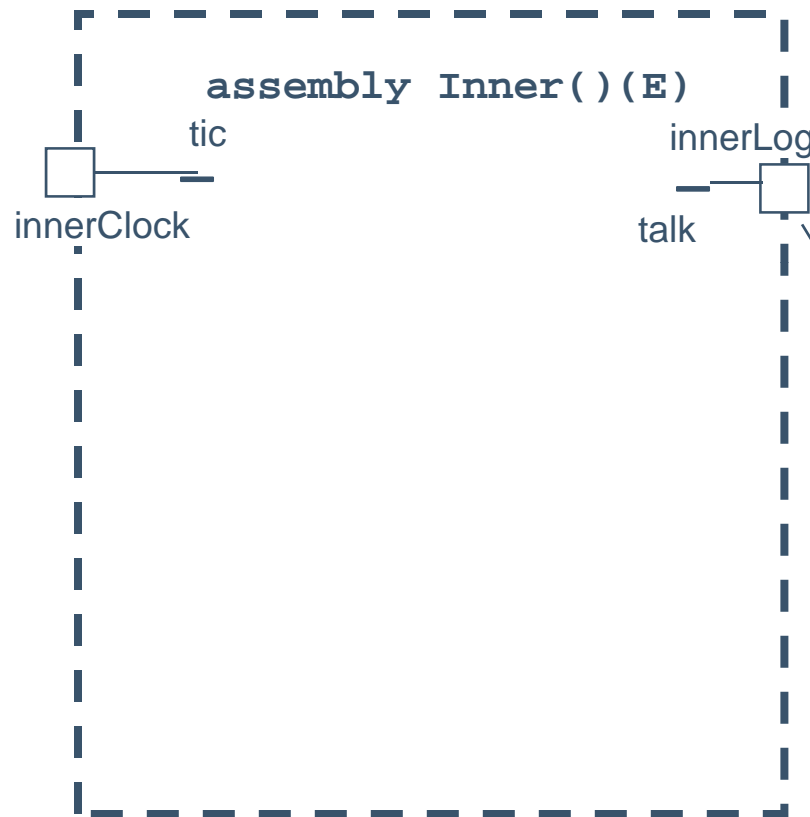


```
// CCL  
assembly Inner ()(E) {  
...  
}
```

each assembly type is parameterized by an environment type
the environment type supplies interaction mechanisms and services



Example – Define Inner Assembly Type

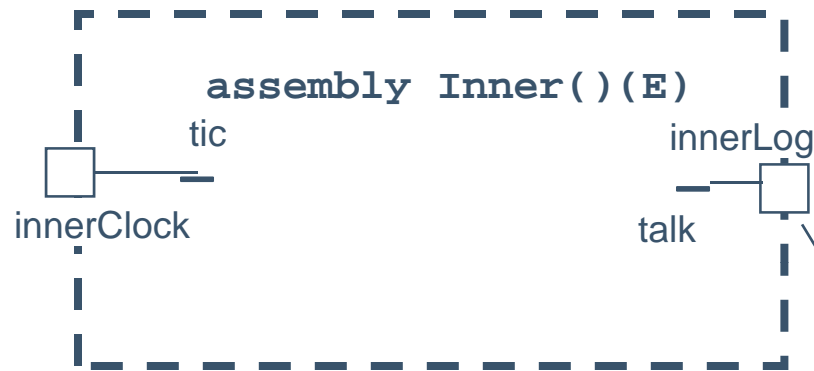


```
// CCL
assembly Inner ()(E) {
  assume {
    E:Clock innerClock();
    E:Log innerLog();
  }
}
```

assembly types may assume environment provided service instances

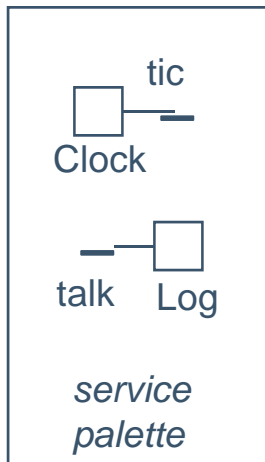


Example – Define Inner Assembly Type



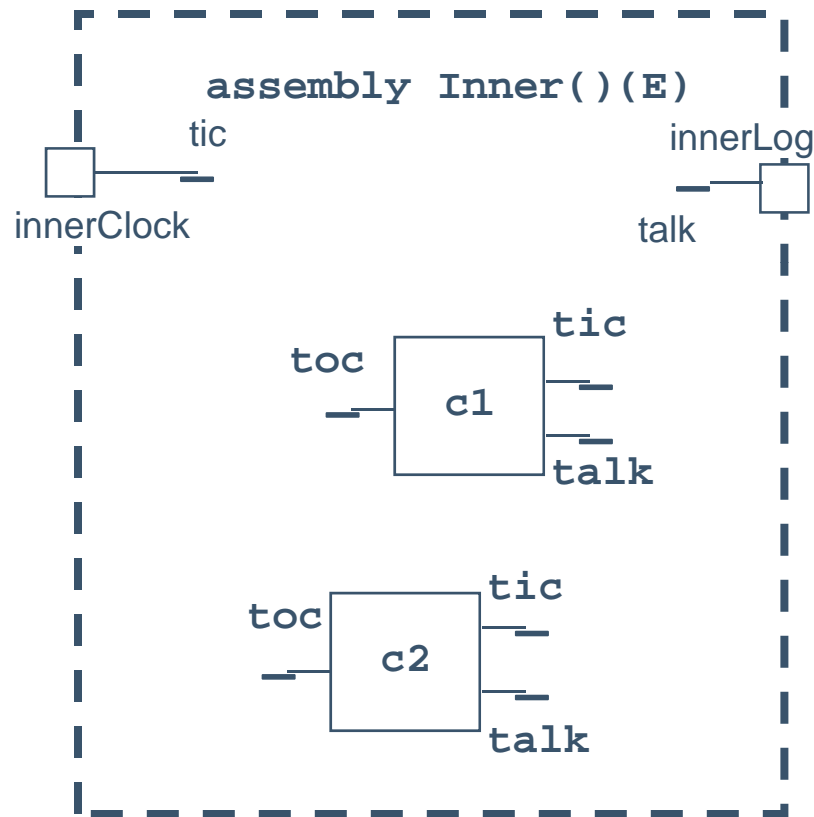
```
// CCL
assembly Inner ()(E) {
    assume {
        E:Clock innerClock();
        E:Log innerLog();
    }
}
```

assembly types may assume environment provided service instances





Example – Define Inner Assembly Type



```
// CCL
assembly Inner ()(E) {

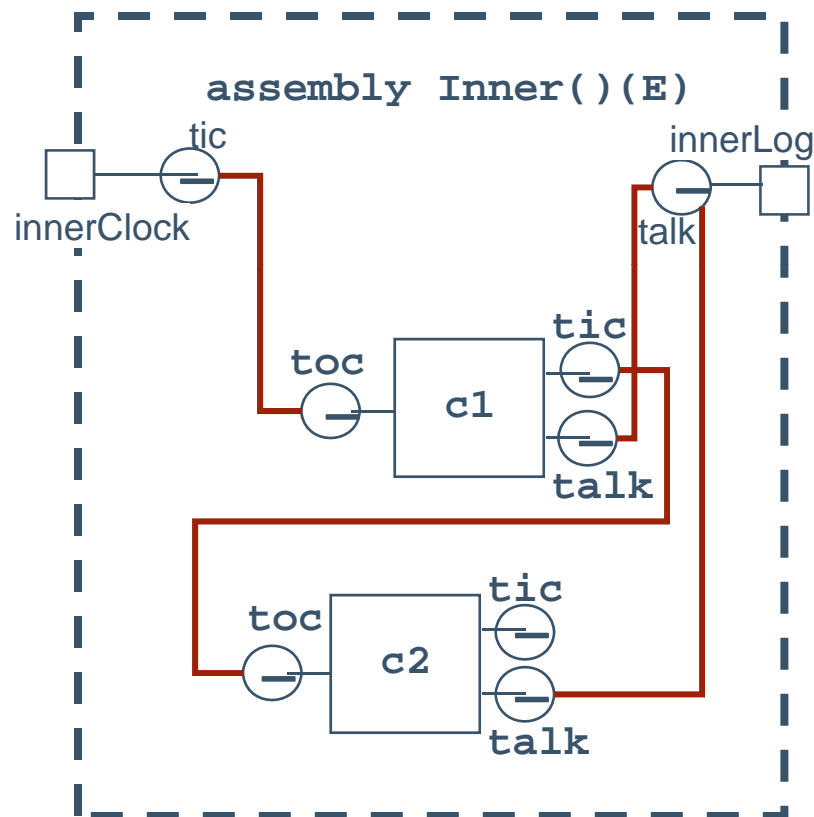
    assume {
        E:Clock innerClock();
        E:Log innerLog();
    }

    C c1(), c2(); // instantiation
}
```

assemblies also comprise
component instances



Example – Define Inner Assembly Type



details about interaction and well-formedness checking is covered in a different module.

```
// CCL
assembly Inner ()(E) {

  assume {
    E:Clock innerClock();
    E:Log innerLog();
  }

  C c1(), c2(); // instantiation

  innerClock:tic ~> c1:toc;
  c1:tic ~> c2:toc;
  c1:talk ~> innerLog:listen;
  c2:talk ~> innerLog:listen;
}
```

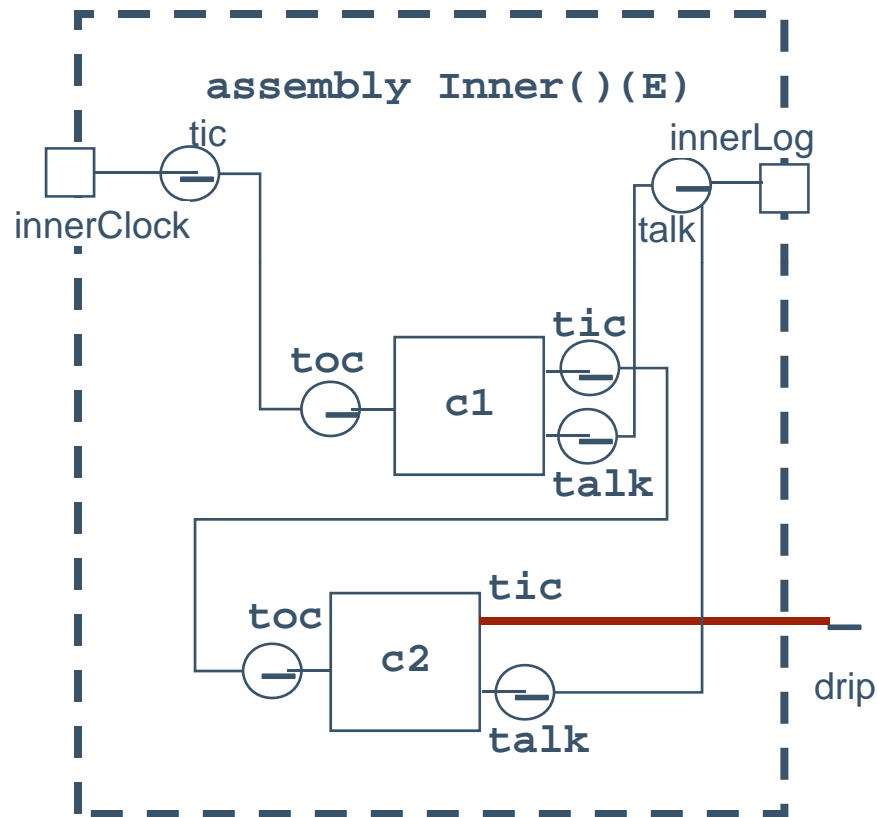
interactions take place between a source pin and one or more sink pins

connections must conform on

- source/sink pin signature
- connector-imposed restrictions
- reasoning framework restrictions



Example – Define Inner Assembly Type



```
// CCL
assembly Inner ()(E) {

  assume {
    E:Clock innerClock();
    E:Log innerLog();
  }

  C c1(), c2(); // instantiation

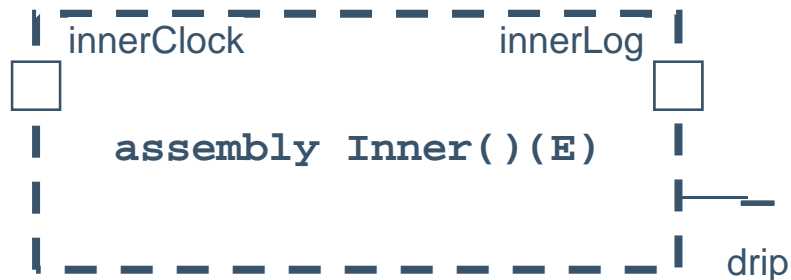
  innerClock:tic ~> c1:toc;
  c1:tic ~> c2:toc;
  c1:talk ~> innerLog:listen;
  c2:talk ~> innerLog:listen;

  expose {c2:tic as drip}
}
```

an assembly type by default has
no visible interactive behavior



Example – Define Inner Assembly Type

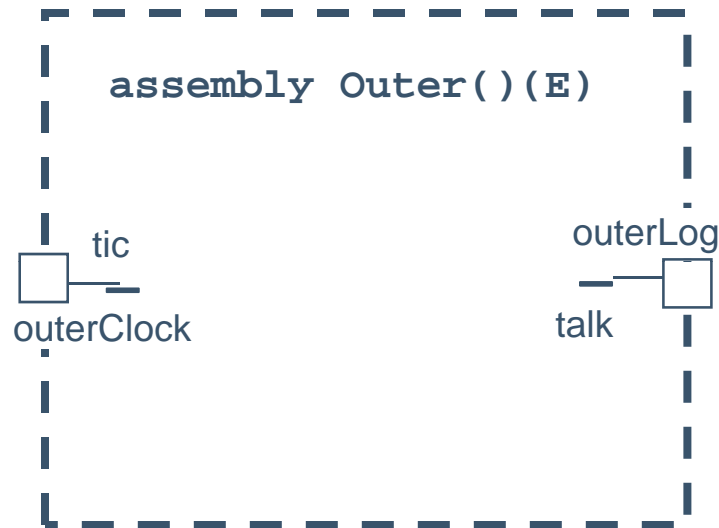


The resulting assembly type `Inner` looks like a component

- with the addition of resource assumptions
- assumptions must be discharged at instantiation time
 - by passing along the assumption
 - by satisfying the assumption



Example – Define Outer Assembly Type



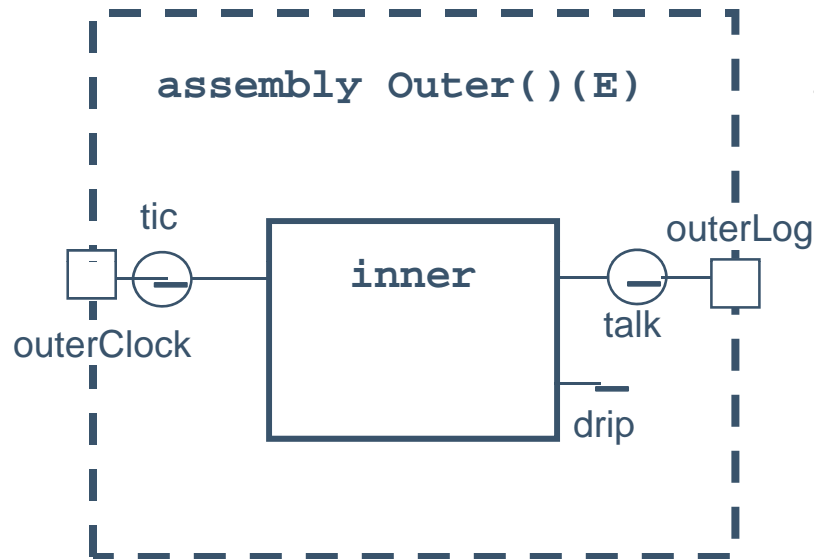
```
// CCL
assembly Outer ()(E) {

    assume {
        E:Clock outerClock();
        E:Log outerLog();
    }
}
```

as before...an assembly
makes assumptions
about its environment



Example – Define Outer Assembly Type



```
// CCL  
assembly Outer ()(E) {
```

```
  assume {  
    E:Clock outerClock();  
    E:Log outerLog();  
  }
```

Inner assumption
satisfied by Outer
assumption

```
  Inner inner(){  
    Inner:innerClock = outerClock;  
    Inner:innerLog = outerLog;  
  }
```

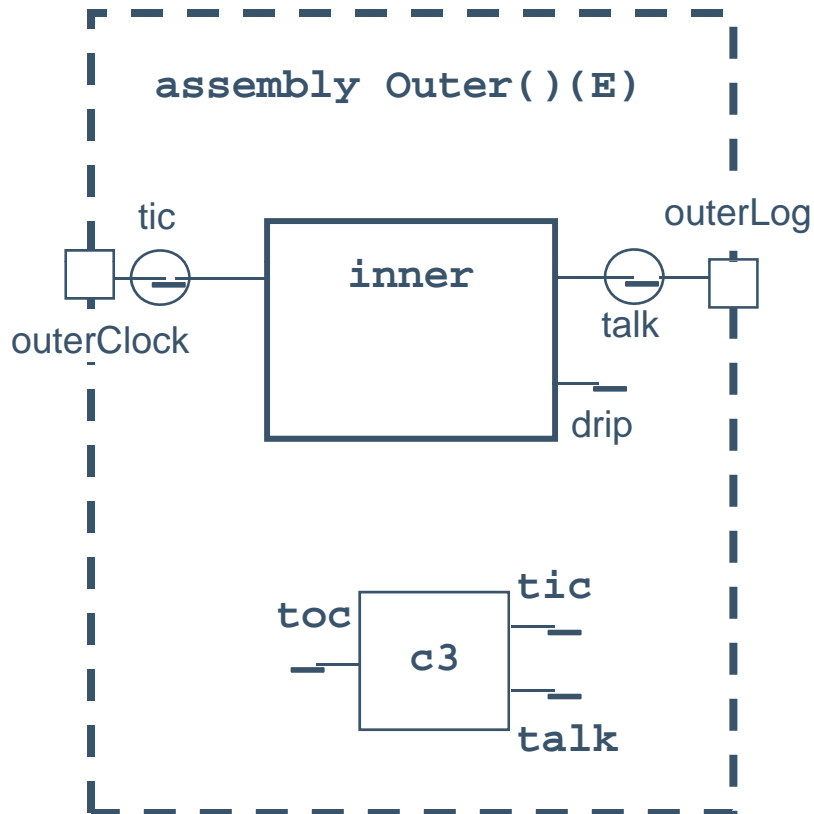
```
}
```

Assumptions are satisfied at **instantiation** time

- syntax: assumed resource = provided resource
- **assumed** resource in the scope of **instantiated** assembly type
- **provided** resource in the scope of the instantiator



Example – Define Outer Assembly Type



```
// CCL
assembly Outer ()(E) {

    assume {
        E:Clock outerClock();
        E:Log outerLog();
    }

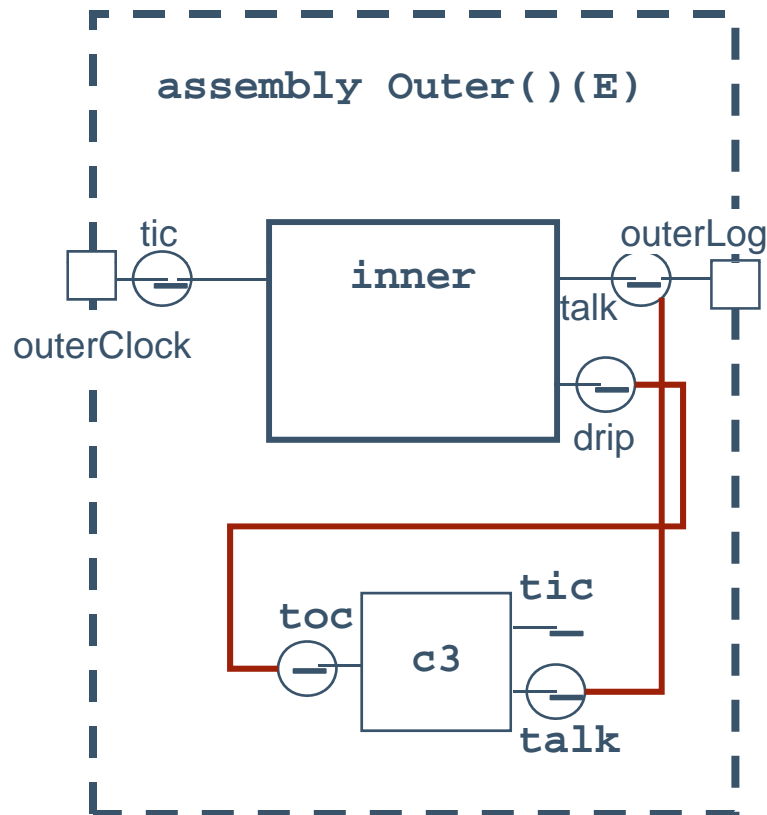
    Inner inner(){
        Inner:innerClock = outerClock;
        Inner:innerLog = outerLog;
    }

    C c3();
}
```

components and assemblies can engage in *apparent* peer interaction



Example – Define Outer Assembly Type



```
// CCL
assembly Outer ()(E) {

  assume {
    E:Clock outerClock();
    E:Log outerLog();
  }

  Inner inner(){
    Inner:innerClock = outerClock;
    Inner:innerLog = outerLog;
  };

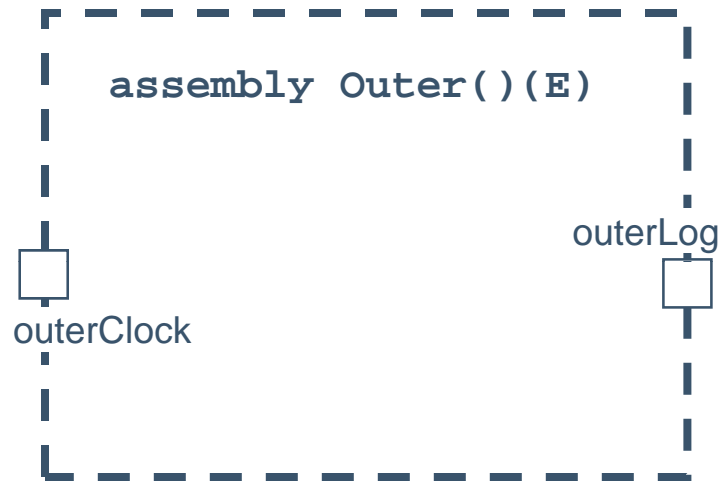
  C c3();

  inner:drip ~> c3:toc;
  c3:talk ~> outerLog:listen;
}

interaction, as before
```



Example – Define Outer Assembly Type



```
// CCL
assembly Outer ()(E) {

    assume {
        E:Clock outerClock();
        E:Log outerLog();
    }

    Inner inner(){
        Inner:innerClock = outerClock;
        Inner:innerLog = outerLog;
    };

    C c3();

    inner:drip ~> c3:toc;
    c3:talk ~> outerLog:listen;

    expose {}
}
```

this outermost assembly has
no visible interactive behavior



Example – Instantiate Application

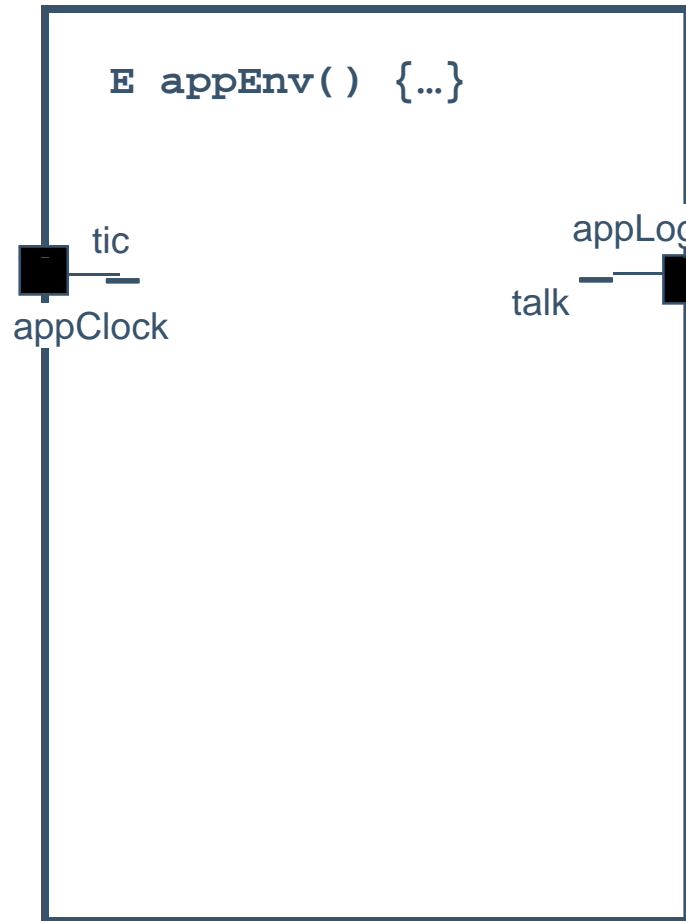
```
E appEnv() {...}
```

```
// CCL  
E appEnv() {  
  ...  
}
```

instantiate the environment



Example – Instantiate Application

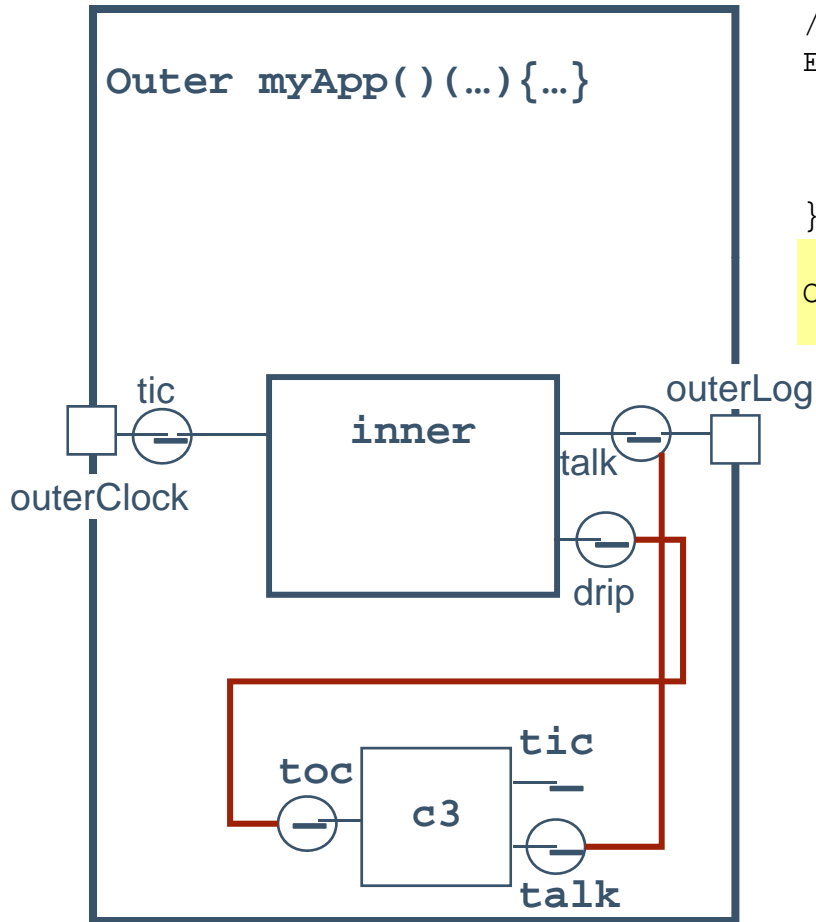


```
// CCL  
E appEnv() {  
    E:Clock appClock();  
    E:Log appLog();  
};
```

elaboration clause instantiates the services of appEnv



Example – Instantiate Application



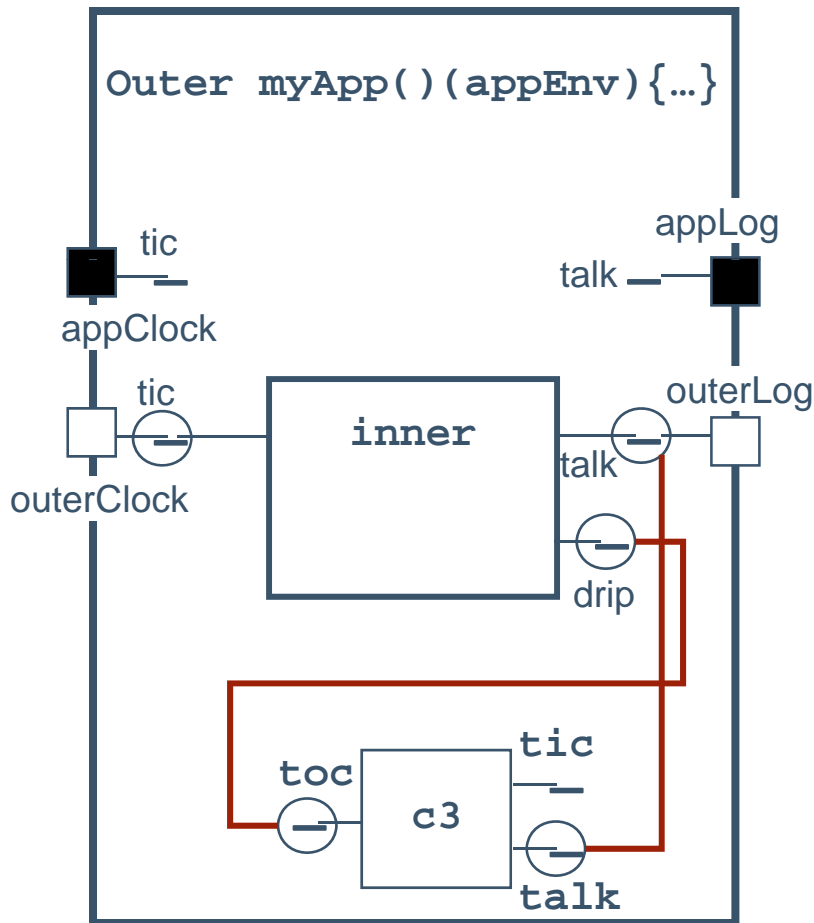
```
// CCL
E appEnv() {
  E:Clock appClock();
  E:Log appLog();
}
```

```
Outer myApp()() {...}
```

instantiate the assembly



Example – Instantiate Application



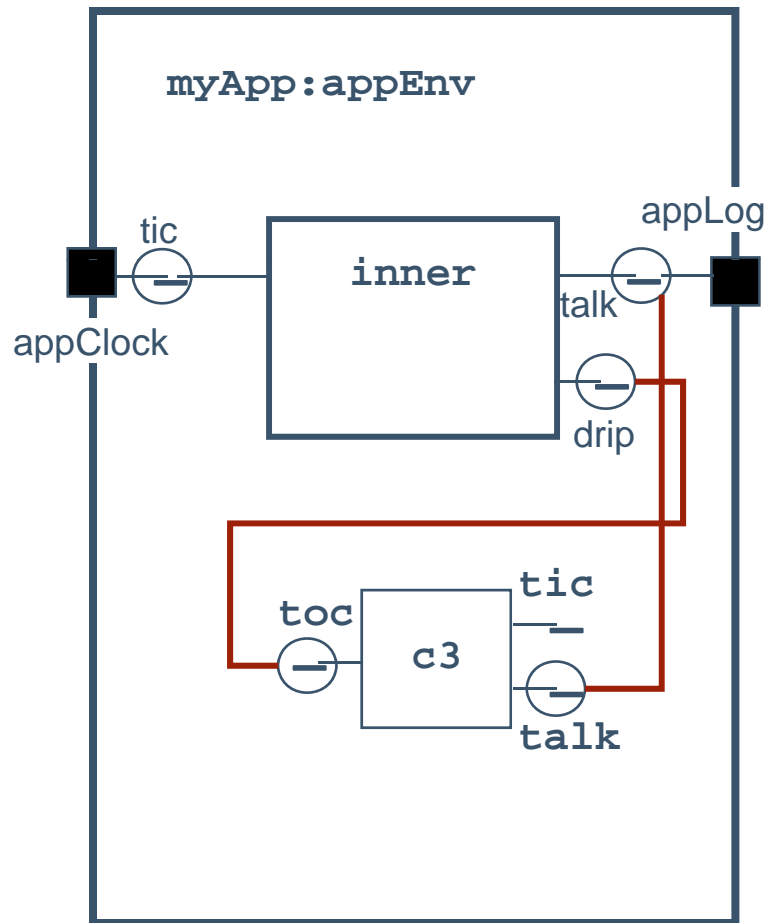
```
// CCL
E appEnv() {
  E:Clock appClock();
  E:Log appLog();
}
};

Outer myApp() (appEnv) {...}
```

deploy the assembly
(instance) in an
environment (instance)



Example – Instantiate Application



```
// CCL
E appEnv() {
  E:Clock appClock();
  E:Log appLog();
}
};
```

```
Outer myApp()(appEnv) {
  Outer:outerClock = appEnv:appClock;
  Outer:outerLog = appEnv:appLog;
};
```

at elaboration satisfy the
assumptions of the assembly type



```
// CCL specification of example 1
environment E() {
  service Clock() {
    source unicast tic();
    threaded react ticking(tic) {
      start->run{}
      run->run1{trigger after(10); action ^tic();}
      run1->run{trigger $tic();}
    }
  }

  service Log() {
    sink asynch listen();
    threaded react logging(listen) {
      start->run{}
      run->run{trigger ^listen(); action $listen();}
    }
  }
}

component C() {
  sink asynch toc();
  source unicast tic();
  source unicast talk();

  threaded react passIt(toc, tic, talk) {
    start->ready{}
    ready->work{trigger ^toc(); action ^tic();}
    work->log{trigger $tic(); action ^talk();}
    log->ready{trigger $talk(); action $toc();}
  }
}
```

1

```
assembly Inner()(E) {
  assume {
    E:Clock innerClock();
    E:Log innerLog();
  }
  C c1(), c2(); // instantiation

  innerClock:tic ~> c1:toc;
  c1:tic ~> c2:toc;
  c1:talk ~> innerLog:listen;
  c2:talk ~> innerLog:listen;

  expose {c2:tic as drip}
}

assembly Outer()(E) {
  assume {
    E:Clock outerClock();
    E:Log outerLog();
  }
  Inner inner(){
    Inner:innerClock = outerClock;
    Inner:innerLog = outerLog;
  };
  C c3();

  inner:drip ~> c3:toc;
  c3:talk ~> outerLog:listen;

  expose {}
}

E appEnv() { E:Clock appClock(); E:Log appLog(); };

Outer myApp()(appEnv) {
  Outer:outerClock = appEnv:appClock;
  Outer:outerLog = appEnv:appLog;
};
```

2