RESEARCH REVIEW 2019

A Series of Unlikely Events: Learning Patterns by Observing Sequential Behavior

Introduction

Modeling patterns of behavior is a task that underlies numerous difficult artificial intelligence tasks:

How do I detect when adversaries are deviating from normal routines?

How can I automate the teaching of novice analysts to perform complex tasks as if they were expert analysts?

In this work, we use a class of techniques called Inverse Reinforcement Learning (IRL) to model sequential behavior to answer questions like these and others.

Methodology

Given observations of behavior:

 $\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \left((s_1, a_1), (s_2, a_2), \dots \right)_1, \dots, \left((s_1, a_1), \dots \right)_n \right\}$

Learn a reward $R: S \times A \mapsto \mathbb{R}$ that best explains the observed behaviors.

How IRL algorithms work:

(Two steps)

- 1. Learn policy $\pi: S \mapsto \mathcal{A}$ from reward *R* (policy trained to maximize expected reward as in reinforcement learning).
- Compute expected behaviors 2. computed from policy π , compared to observed behaviors \mathcal{B} , and use to update reward *R*.

How to use IRL for...

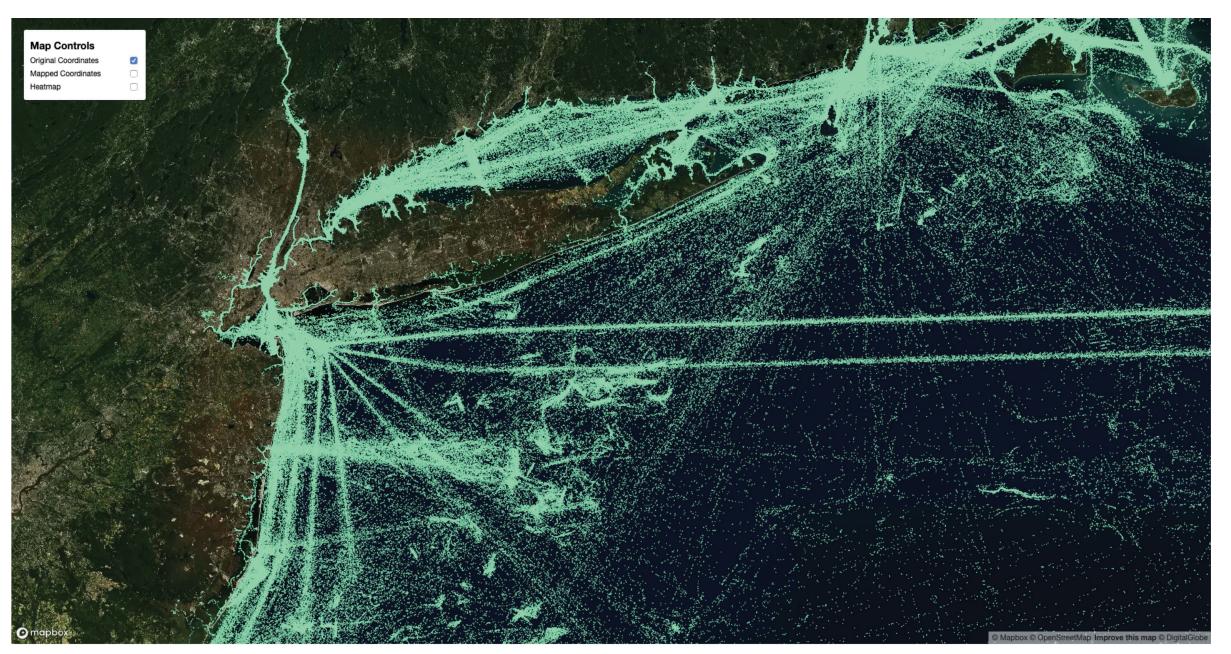
Activity-based intelligence:

- 1. Learn *R* from observed behaviors.
- If new behavior exhibits low-reward actions in states, flag as abnormal.

Teaching expert behavior:

- 1. Learn *R* from expert behavior.
- When a novice is in a state where she doesn't know the proper action, suggest the one with highest reward.

Inverse Reinforcement Learning techniques are an efficient and effective means to perform activity-based intelligence or to teach novices how to perform tasks like experts.



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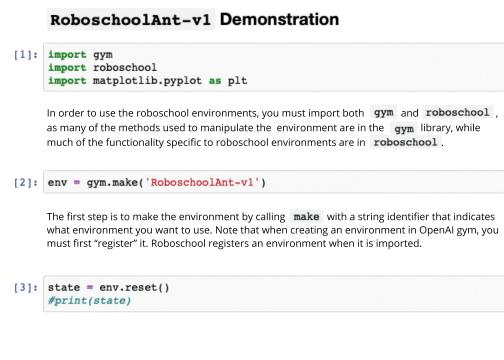
Goals of this work

- 1. Apply IRL Techniques to DoD/IC relevant problems:
 - that scale to a large number of observations.
 - Build demonstration data ingestion to visualization tools.
- 2. Develop Novel IRL Techniques that are robust to rare events.
- Develop techniques that are able to explain, simulate, and demonstrate expert behavior.

Progress

- 1. Implementation of Maximum Causal than academic implementation. Source: Ziebart, Brian D., J. Andrew Bagnell, and Anind K. Dey. "Modeling interaction via the principle of maximum causal entropy." Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Machine Learning. Omnipress, 2010.
- 2. Data ingestion pipeline and visualization of IRL being used to model ship behavior on U.S. Coast (AIS) data.
- 3. Investigation into current IRL techniques and how robust they are to rare events, leading to initial
- data scientist behavior.

Additional Figures



– Employ efficient implementations

Entropy IRL that is up to 1000x faster

Guard Automatic Ship Identification

formulation of robust IRL technique. Data scientist study to capture expert

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